

**The Weather**  
Oakland, vicinity  
Santa Clara, Sac-  
ramento and San  
Francisco Valleys  
Increasing cloud-  
iness tonight, be-  
coming drizzling  
Sunday; moder-  
ate south wind.

# GERMAN CONFESSES PLOT

## WILSON IS DETERMINED ON PLAN TO ARM SHIPS

Congress to Give the President Full Power to Take the Step That Will Draw Washington Closer to War With Germany

### SENATORS ENGAGE IN SOME WARLIKE TALK

Brandeggee Says Germany Has Virtually Declared War on All Mankind; Fall Would Begin to Fight Within 15 Minutes

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The second session of the Sixty-fourth Congress will adjourn sine die at noon tomorrow.

Adjournment actually may come several hours after noon Sunday, but tonight the Congress clocks will be stopped and set right again only after the present Congress is history.

There will be no extra session until June at the earliest—unless international possibilities make it essential that the Senate and House meet sooner.

By Robert J. Bender, United Press Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson awaits only authority expected today to issue an order to arm American merchant ships.

The Senate will give him full powers today to take this step which draws the United States closer to open hostilities with Germany.

The navy department holds guns in readiness at the New York, Boston, Mare Island, Charleston, Philadelphia, Washington and other government yards for mounting on American vessels as soon as the order is issued.

The state department let it be known officially today that while the subject of convoy had been discussed, there is no present intention of conveying vessels, as far as the department knows.

Conveying of a ship carrying contraband or munitions might be interpreted as an act of war, the department said. Convey of a ship with a neutral cargo would be proper, though.

Establishment of a lane of warships would be the same as a convoy. While President Wilson stands ready, if need be, to go further than merely arming the vessels, the conclusion of the state department announcement is that he has no intention of so doing at the present.

**WILL ORDER ARMING.** Immediately after "the full power" armed neutrality bill completes its journey through Congress the President will sign it. According to indications today, he will at once announce at the White House the despatch of orders to Secretary of the Navy Daniels for arming merchantmen.

The navy department will then issue orders to the commanders of the navy department, instructing that guns available there be put into immediate use.

Germany's latest announcement indicates that even this armament will not suffice to guard American ships which. Night attacks are becoming common—and armament is no guard against an unseen enemy.

Details of the enormous German plot are still held in secret. Such facts as are permitted to leak show, however, that Japan furnished munition-making machinery some time ago for Mexico and that Germans helped operate the government plant.

**CHINA MAY ENTER.** Still another development is the probable entrance of China in the war, if she gets what she wants from the entente in the way of concessions. Unsuccessful effort was made by Senator Hitchcock, in charge of the authority bill, before the Senate closed early today, to have speeches after 1 o'clock this afternoon limited to ten minutes.

Several Senators announced they

**POULTRY AND SUPPLIES.**  
ALSO POULTRY RANCHES.  
SEE WANT AD PAGES OF THE TRIBUNE  
Today & Tomorrow

## KAISER CHARGES MISTREATMENT OF HIS TROOPS

War Minister Declares Prisoners Are Kept Under Fire

By INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

BERLIN (via Sayville wireless), March 3.—Declaring that France has failed to heed Germany's protests against the ill-treatment of German prisoners, War Minister von Stein announced today that Germany will take counter measures against French prisoners at once.

Thousands of German prisoners, the war minister charged, are compelled to work close behind the French front under the fire of German artillery. If they seek cover from the fire they are driven back by French officers, he asserted.

Generally speaking, the English treat their prisoners better, he said, and in many cases have redressed grievances. But on the other hand, the English, too, often employ prisoners close behind the front and compel others to work excessively in French ports, he alleged. Consequently Germany will take counter measures against English prisoners also.

## Hynes Will Start Fight Upon Vice

District Attorney Will Serve Notices Under Redlight Law

Notice, following the decision of Superior Judge Sturtevant of San Francisco, has been delivered by District Attorney W. H. L. Hynes upon list of rooming and apartment house owners under the red light act preliminary to a threatened clean-up of Oakland and the immediate environs of the city. Action by Hynes, taken today, is predicated upon a request made by the Public Welfare League, through the secretary, Helen Sweet, Artista.

Hynes refused to list the places included in the notice, but admitted that the first step has been taken to keep the lid down where Chief of Police Peterson has clamped it.

The notice, which is the second to have been served in some instances, is essential to prosecution should there be further violations of the act. It calls upon the owners of the premises to eject certain undesirable tenants and a time limit is given in which to accomplish it. Under the decision of Judge Sturtevant, it is necessary for the district attorney to give notice once, requested Hynes to give the second notice.

### WANTS JURY'S REPORT.

The activity of the league has been prompted by the prospective report of the grand jury. It is believed that the report will not deal thoroughly with the red light problem and, therefore, to serve notice on San Francisco and other communities, the women of which are said to be moving to the east bay districts, the step had been thought necessary.

It is not believed that the condition is particularly vicious, but enough evidence has been secured by Miss Artista to warrant the notice. It has been sent to the property-owners district, which includes hotels, apartment houses and rooming houses. Hynes' notice brings the premises under the provisions of the act and lays the foundation for a prosecution.

All districts of the city appear to be represented in the action of the league. The downtown district, the Lakeside apartment district and certain northern portions of the residence district are included. To protect the owners from injury their names have been kept secret as well as the premises involved.

### ANTICIPATES REPORT.

In speaking of the situation, Miss Artista said:

"The league anticipates that the report of the grand jury will include recommendations for a strict police regulation of cafes and rooming houses, but steps are being taken to insure the east bay districts of adequate protection against a possible invasion by San Francisco night life women. Property-owners who have been remiss in the past have been notified for the second time to 'clean up their property.' Unless the notice is heeded civil suits will be filed under the provisions of the red light statute. The league has no desire to antagonize property-owners and will withhold drastic action upon the assurance by property-owners that objectionable tenants will be ejected from the places in question.

The league has been assured the support of District Attorney Hynes and every effort will be made to keep the lid down.

## Passage of Spy Bill to Be Sought Today

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Chairman Webb of the House Judiciary committee today will ask for a special rule on the general espionage bill passed by the Senate. This was decided at a meeting of the committee this morning. The decision followed a visit to the White House by Committee Chairman Caraway, Igoe and others.

The President is understood to have expressed a wish that the bill be passed.

## PAN-AMERICAN CONSPIRACY IS DENIED

Latin American Move of U. S. Officials Only Trade Plan, Is Declared in State Department and Explanations Are Made

German Claim to Justification Is Denied; America Did Not Try to Align Other Countries in War Move, Is Asserted

By John Edwin Nevin, International News Service Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Attempted justification by Herr Zimmermann, the German Foreign Minister, of Germany's efforts to line up Japan and Mexico against the United States found no response in Washington officialdom today. The insinuation by Zimmermann that there was "justification" for Germany's action in the activity of the United States in South America met with sharp denial. The facts as shown by the records, known to the entire world for months, were cited as complete refutation of the Zimmermann accusation.

The United States approached the Latin-American countries of South and Central America and called a convention to arrange to meet the changed trade conditions growing out of the European war entirely in the open. The pan-American conference, held in this city met in the open at all times. It was a general discussion of ways and means for assisting each other commercially. And at no time was there the slightest suggestion from any point that the conferences were in the interest of any of the European belligerents.

As a matter of record, officials pointed out today, the plans of the conference found their chief opposition in Great Britain. The British Board of Trade was open in its opposition and in some of the South American countries, notably Argentina, British banking affiliations withdrew their support from Argentina merchants who had agreed to do business with the United States.

Reports from inspired sources at the time which intimated that an offensive and defensive alliance might be the outcome of the conferences, met with denial by Secretary of the League, Mr. McAdoo, who had been most active in arranging the conference. Monroe doctrine would prevent any arrangement other than a trade agreement, and that is as far as the conference ever went.

### VALUES OPPORTUNITY.

The further declaration of the German Foreign Minister that the United States had been waiting for an opportunity to enter the war on the side of the Entente is sufficiently refuted, State Department officials said, by the records of the submarine dispute between this government and Germany since the sinking of the Lusitania and also by the public utterances of the President himself. It was pointed out that at every opportunity the President went to the utmost limits to prevent an open break with Germany; even going to the extent of giving warning of what might be expected in the correspondence that followed the sinking of the Sussex.

Secretary Lansing, while declining to be drawn into any controversy regarding the relations between the United States and the South American republics, made it very plain today that, so far as we are concerned, the entire truth as to the Zimmermann plot against this government is known to the administration.

That is the position of the United States. It does not care what action Germany takes about the plot. There is no question of how it was planned and the object that was expected to be attained in the opinion of the United States government. And, frankly, the nations of the world with the facts, this government waits developments, no matter what they may be.

The declaration by Senator Lodge that for the United States to convey vessels carrying munitions through the submarine zone would be an act of war was confirmed by the State Department today. But it was stated that the pending bill does not of necessity mean that the United States plans any convey of any ships. As a matter of fact, it is considered unlikely that the President will consider a naval voyage for American ships at the present time. Officials of the Navy Department are opposed to any such action.

### WORKS BOTH WAYS.

The men responsible for keeping the navy in shape to meet any emergency have pointed out that to convey vessels through the German war zone while there has been no open declaration of war against Germany would establish a precedent that German sympathizers could take advantage of the request conveyed for vessels to take freight of a non-contraband character through the British blockade zone to German ports. In addition, conveying vessels, simply makes them more of a mark to submarine attack than if they are permitted to proceed alone with their defense guns ready for use.

## Ferdinand, Ruler of Bulgaria, Seriously Ill

ROME, March 3.—King Ferdinand of Bulgaria is dangerously ill, an Austrian health report, according to advices here today.

## Admit Mexico Overtures

Here is Germany's remarkable admission that she plotted to align Mexico and Japan against the United States. The semi-official statement today reached this country by way of Amsterdam:

"After Germany's decision to wage unrestricted submarine warfare, in view of the previous attitude of the American government, we were compelled to reckon on the possibility of conflict with the United States.

"The subsequent severance of diplomatic relations by the United States and the request of the United States that other neutral nations join her in such action, proved that our calculation was correct.

"Because we were anticipating such a possibility, it was not only our right, but our duty to take precautions so as to balance—if there was a possible adhesion of a new enemy to our enemies."

"Accordingly, the German minister to Mexico, in the middle of January, was instructed in the event of the United States declaring war—to offer the Mexican government an alliance and to arrange further details."

"These instructions expressly enjoined the German minister to make no advances to Mexico unless he knew certainly that America intended to declare war."

## Zimmermann Resignation Is Looked For

Abrupt Termination of Bernstorff's Career Also Expected

By UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

AMSTERDAM, March 3.—Resignation of German Foreign Secretary Zimmermann and an abrupt termination of the diplomatic career of Count Johann von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, is regarded by Dutch officials in close touch with German conditions as certain to follow the revelation of the Zimmermann letter in the United States.

Up until a late hour last night German newspapers had been permitted to publish anything concerning the Zimmermann letter. Efforts to obtain some word from these circles was unavailing.

Dutch officials refused today to discuss the plot for publication, but privately it was stated that the attempt was a "growing blunder of Teutonic diplomacy."

By ASSOCIATED PRESS LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

AMSTERDAM, March 3.—Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, has been nominated as a candidate for the Reichstag in place of the late Herr von Neiding, according to the Telegraf.

## Germany-to-U. S. by Aeroplane Predicted

BERLIN (via Sayville wireless), March 3.—Aeroplane service between Germany and the United States was predicted by the well-known inventor and constructor of aeroplanes, Fokker, in an official press agency interview. He estimated transatlantic service, whereby America might be reached from Germany in one and a half or two days, would be "started soon after the war" and that "within five years after the war such service would be a commonplace matter."

## American Steamer Ashore Off France

BORDEAUX, France, March 3.—The American steamship Rochester, which arrived in the Gironde river yesterday from New York after running the German submarine blockade, went ashore today. The vessel was in a fog last night. The vessel is ashore at a point eleven miles down the river from Bordeaux. The Rochester is lying easily in the sand and is expected to be floated without difficulty with the afternoon tide.

## Greek Grain Carrier Sunk by Submarine

LONDON, March 3.—The ship Dronitsis, requisitioned by the Greek government to bring grain from America for the benefit of the Royal Greek population, has been sunk by a submarine.

## MEXICAN PACT WAS JUSTIFIED, BERLIN STATES

By UNITED PRESS.

AMSTERDAM, March 3.—Admitting her endeavor to align Japan and Mexico with the Kaiser's government against the United States, Germany today justified that attempt on the ground that she had a right to take precautions in view of the possibilities of war with America. A semi-official source was quoted to this effect in despatches received from Berlin today.

Germany decided upon this step after making her decision to wage unrestricted submarine warfare. It was impelled to such a course by the previous attitude of the American government—and subsequent developments have justified the course, it was stated.

The semi-official statement despatch from Berlin reads:

After Germany's decision to wage unrestricted submarine warfare, in view of the previous attitude of the American government, we were compelled to reckon on the possibility of conflict with the United States.

The subsequent severance of diplomatic relations by the United States and the request by the United States that other neutral nations join her in such action proved that our calculation was correct.

Because we were anticipating such a possibility, it was not only our right, but our duty, to take precautions so as to balance, if there was a possible adhesion of a new enemy to our enemies.

Accordingly, the German minister to Mexico, in the middle of January, was instructed, in the event of the United States declaring war, to offer the Mexican government an alliance and to arrange further details.

These instructions expressly enjoined the German minister to make no advances to Mexico unless he knew certainly that America intended to declare war.

BERLIN (via London), March 3.—Admission was made by Germany today that instructions had been sent to the German minister in Mexico as to the possibilities of Mexico's part in hostilities against the United States.

The admission was made in semi-official statements. Surprise was expressed at the American government concerning instructions sent secretly to Germany's diplomatic agents. The manner in which this information came into the possession of the United States was not known, but the source which admitted the negotiations expressed the belief that "apparently treachery was committed on American territory."

## American Officer Is Killed in Accident

ROME, March 3.—Major Heiberg, American military attaché to the Rome embassy, was killed Thursday while at the Corso front, according to newspaper reports today.

Major Heiberg, it was said, was killed in the falling of his horse.

## May Equip Ships With U-Boat Chasers

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator Stone told the Senate today he had heard that navy experts had devised a plan for protection of American merchant ships whereby they would be equipped with small submarine chasing boats to be lowered in the danger zone to scout for hostile craft and attack them.

## TEUTON PLOT DEFENDED BY KAISER'S DIPLOMAT

Foreign Secretary Zimmermann Virtually Confesses the Overtures to Mexico and Japan to Join in War on U. S.

### CLAIMS CONSPIRACY IS DEFENSE MEASURE

America Is Declared to Have Openly Aided Entente Allies; Attempt to Stir Trouble for Germany in South Charged

Germany's Proposal.

"We propose an alliance on the following basis with Mexico: That we shall make war together and together make peace. We shall give general financial support and it is understood that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in New Mexico, Texas and Arizona. \* \* \* You are instructed to inform the president of Mexico of the above. \* \* \* as soon as it is certain that there will be an outbreak of war with the United States, and suggest that the president of Mexico \* \* \* should communicate with Japan suggesting adherence at once to this plan. \* \* \* From Foreign Secretary Zimmermann's instructions to the German minister at Mexico City.

### Germany's Defense.

"I fail to see how such a 'plot' is inspired by unfraternity on our part. It would mean nothing but the use of the United States in the event of hostilities with Germany, in war in case the United States declared war."—From Foreign Secretary Zimmermann's statement to the official German news agency.

By INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

BERLIN (via Sayville wireless), March 3.—Virtually admitting the truth of the charges made in the United States that Germany "plotted" to secure the aid of Mexico and Japan, in event of war with the United States, Foreign Secretary Zimmermann today justified his action on the ground that the United States tried to array South American republics against Germany.

The foreign secretary's admissions were contained in a statement made to a staff member of the Transoceanic News Agency. He did not deny or confirm the authenticity of the so-called "Zimmermann letter," purporting to contain his own proposal to the German minister at Mexico City that he ask General Carranza to persuade Japan to join in a war with the United States in the event of hostilities. He asserted that such a course was thoroughly justified, not only as a precautionary measure in case the United States was the aggressor, but also because of reports reaching the German government that the United States had made similar attempts to array other countries against the German empire.

"I fail to see how such a 'plot' is inspired by unfraternity on our part," declared the foreign secretary. "It would mean nothing but that we would use means universally admitted in case that the United States declared war."

### CALLS IT PRECAUTION.

He added pointedly that such a move would be only a purely defensive and precautionary measure by Germany and that the so-called "plot" would fall through if the United States did not herself take the aggressive.

Secretary Zimmermann based his charge that the United States had attempted to line up other neutrals against Germany on a statement printed in the Argentine newspaper La Prensa. La Prensa, he said, charged that the United States last year suggested common action against Germany to the South American republics.

He further quoted from remarks made by Edward Price Bell, London correspondent, to the effect that the United States was remaining neutral only because she could further the interests of the entente allies better by remaining neutral than by declaring war, other circumstances, he said, had confirmed this belief in Germany.

Zimmermann was asked by a staff member of the Transoceanic News Agency about the English report that a German plot was revealed to get Mexico to declare war against the United States and secure Japan's aid against the United States.

ANSWER IS LIMITED.

The secretary answered: "It is impossible for me to discuss the facts of this 'revealed plot' at this moment

## Combined Wire Service of All Other Newspapers

With the international situation more acute than it has been in a generation, the advantages of a full and complete news service are more apparent today than ever before. The TRIBUNE is the only paper in the West that is served by all the great news gathering associations. Readers of The TRIBUNE have placed before them the combined services of all other papers—Associated Press (exclusive for Alameda County), United Press, International News and Pacific News. No telegraphic news can escape The TRIBUNE.

# NINE ARMED RUSS SHIPS "U" VICTIMS

German Storm Detachments Tear Gap Nearly Two Miles Wide and Mile Deep into the Positions West of Luck Fort

French Troopers Successful in Reconnoitering Operations at Verdun; Chief of the Austrian Staff Dismissed by Emperor

BERLIN (By wireless), March 3.—Nine armed Russian steamers were destroyed by the German submarine which was sunk near Hammerfest, according to a Christiania despatch in the New Zürcher Zeitung, as quoted by the Overseas News Agency. These vessels are said to have been purchased in South America by Russian agents. German storm detachments tore a gap nearly two miles wide and about a mile deep into Russian positions west of Luck fort, and returned with 122 prisoners and four machine guns, after destroying Russian dug-outs, it was officially announced today.

REICHSTAG ADJOURNED. LONDON, March 3.—The Reichstag has adjourned until March 20, according to a Berlin despatch to Reuters by way of Amsterdam. A new Zeppelin, on speed trials at Ghent, caught fire on Monday and was completely destroyed, according to reports from Berlin received by the Exchange Telegraph Company by way of Copenhagen. The despatch says that the crew of the Zeppelin perished with their airship.

HERO'S BROTHER NAMED. PARIS, March 3.—It is reported from Madrid by the Havas Agency that Wilhelm Boelke, brother of the celebrated Captain Boelke, who was killed on the western front after destroying forty French and British airplanes, has just been appointed German consul at Cartagena, Spain. The despatch adds:

"The Spanish press comments on the conspicuousness of the new consul in proportion to the importance of the consulate."

All express trains throughout France with the exception of postal and long-distance trains are ordered discontinued. The decree is one of the steps taken to facilitate transport connected with the national defense and commercial traffic.

Successful reconnoitering operations by French troops at several points along the front are reported in this afternoon's war office statement, which reads:

"During the night our reconnoitering parties carried out several successful surprise attacks against German trenches near Moulin-Sous-Touvent, east of Hill 304 (Verdun region) and in Apremont Forest. We took prisoners and materials."

AUSTRIAN CHIEF DISMISSED. AMSTERDAM, March 3.—General von Hoetzendorf has been dismissed as chief of the Austrian general staff by Emperor Charles, according to Vienna despatches received here. General Freilinger von Strassenberg has been appointed to succeed him, the despatch adds.

TYPHOID DEATHS AMERICANS. BERLIN (via London), March 3.—The sixty-eight Americans who were brought to Germany as prisoners on board the captured British steamer Yarrowdale expect to be released on March 7. The delay is accounted for by a statement that an English sailor, who was confined in the same camp with the Americans, is ill with spotted typhoid and that the segregation of the Yarrowdale prisoners was dictated by sanitary reasons.

The four American consuls who were transferred to Turkey after the breach of relations between Germany and the United States are still here. The German government is awaiting word from Constantinople as to whether the appointments are acceptable.

The American officials still here are: Consul Henry C. A. Damm, ordered from Anchorage to Harput, Turkey; Vice-Consul W. C. Wallace, Nageborg to Constantinople; Vice-Consul V. Brown, Mannheim to Constantinople; Consul John Q. Wood, Chemnitz to Messina.

There have again been violent infantry engagements on both banks of the Aisne, in northern France, the way is said to be open to the British, suffered the loss of sixty prisoners and eight machine guns, in addition to other casualties.

## Schools and Colleges

### The Jenkins School of Music

46 Randwick Ave., Oakland  
Original Children's Method.  
New Classes Open March 1.  
Visitors welcome at all classes.  
Tel. Piedmont 2993.

Old Gold, Silver Highest  
and Platinum Prices  
Bought H. LOEB  
Manufacturing Jeweler  
467 13th Street, Room 27, Upstairs  
OAKLAND, CAL.

# Wilson Determined to Arm Ships Senate Will Grant Full Powers

(Continued From Page 1)

kanted to talk at length on the bill. There was also an effort to include in the bill a provision for conveying American merchant ships.

While the convey plan is discussed as one means the President may take, this is not likely to be done at once, owing to the scarcity of naval vessels. It is held possible, however, that this government might establish a line of warships through which merchantmen could pass to Ireland or England, but this plan might be regarded by naval men as taking away too many vessels from defense of the American coasts.

Armament can be provided quickly for the American line ships, as they are equipped.

PASS NAVAL BILL. The Senate last night passed for the second time the big naval bill, with amendments such as the House wanted.

Crowded galleries listened to patriotic speeches when the armed neutrality bill came up thereafter. Patriotism was the keynote of the proceedings. Society women forsook party engagements to follow the debate.

Diplomats kept tab from their special gallery, while the ordinary admission galleries were jammed.

The session recessed at 12:45 until 10 this forenoon.

The arrangement then was to continue with the armed neutrality bill and pass that. But Republicans served notice that they intended to thwart passage of any other measures for the direct purpose of forcing an extra session.

BIG MEASURES APPROVED. WASHINGTON, March 3.—Despite threats of a few Republican leaders to hold up all pending appropriation bills, the Senate early today agreed to the conference report on the \$40,000,000 legislative, judicial and executive supply measure, which carries with it the salary increases for government employees. The bill now goes to the President for approval.

President Wilson today signed the emergency revenue bill at the White House. The measure carries \$450,000,000 for the depleted treasury.

HOUSE WORK HURRIED. The House met at noon today with the bulk of its share of the legislative work of the Sixty-fourth Congress already completed. It was ready, however, to act upon conference reports which were brought in from time to time and to take the necessary concurrent action in the Senate legislation being passed at the eleventh hour.

Senator Hitchcock, immediately after the Senate convened today, announced that the foreign relations committee had agreed to an amendment to the armed neutrality bill striking out the words "fore and aft." This would leave the position of guns on vessels entirely to the discretion of the navy department under orders of the President.

Senator Brandegee of Connecticut, Republican member of the foreign relations committee, was recognized by the Vice-President as the first speaker today.

BRANDEGEE WARFAKE. Senator Brandegee called the German prohibition zone "an ambush where Germany laid in wait to deal death" to anyone who entered against her edict creating it.

"I shall use it to allow the abuse of our ports," he asked. "Are we obliged to wait for the slaughter to be accomplished before we defend ourselves? I trust that neither Congress nor the American people have fallen to such depths of degradation that they are willing to turn the American flag and withdraw from the high seas as the misguided band of pacifists seem to wish."

"There is no use to issue a moral homily or a sermon on the Mount to a nation that has gone mad and acts through its military autocracy like a homicidal maniac. Must we get off the face of the earth—the down and curl up with the American people going to preserve the liberties of my country. If the pacifists had lived in the time of George Washington, we never would have been a country, and if they have their way now we will cease to be a country. The peace propaganda in some aspects, closely approaches treason."

Senator Sherman presented today's news despatches from Berlin bringing Foreign Minister Zimmermann's admission of the attempted intrigue with Japan and Mexico.

SENATORS TAKE NOTICE. Senators manifested such keen interest in the despatches that they were read twice. Senators who had been inclined to denounce the celebrated Zimmermann instructions as a forgery or British plot showed particular interest.

"Japan has denied receipt of overtures," Senator Chamberlain, Republican, interjected. "I ask if there is any significance to the fact that our great and good friend General Carranza is in a similar position?"

"Are we going to lie down on our backs and let this means through Frankenstein's monster over us, ruthlessly? resumed Brandegee. "I am not deceived by the effect of this bill. The effect will be the next passenger or freight ship with American gunners aboard which attempts to enter a British or neutral port in the zone will be attacked by a German submarine. That means there will be war if this country is fit to live. If, perchance, our defensive gunners should sink a submarine, that would mean war."

SAYS WAR EXISTS. Brandegee declared with emphasis that a state of war already existed and had existed between the United States and Germany since February 1.

"Germany declared war on the whole world in issuing this proclamation," he asserted. "No self-respecting nation regards it any other way. When she proclaimed slaughter in the band zone she declared war against this nation."

That he and some other foreign relations committee members wanted to amend the bill to "direct" and not

merely "authorize" the President to arm American merchantmen was stated by the Connecticut Senator.

"For over two years," he continued, "we have submitted to every form of aggression. We have acted in the face of these losses and horrors in a way we would not have acted in 1865 when Grant had an army, and we had a real navy. No foreign nation then would have dared to affront us. We have sat here for over two years like schoolboys and declined to do the things necessary to raise an army and put ourselves in proper defense. Just now we are doing what we ought to have done long ago."

Brandegee urged the passage of the pending measure and not the House bill, because by its terms the status of officers on men on a merchant ship resisting attack from a war vessel would be clearly established under American law and they could not be treated as pirates as they might be treated without such a law.

"I want such men," he said, "to be treated as the prisoners of war, acting under authority of the American Congress, and not to be hung at the yard-arm as pirates."

"I ask my Republican colleagues not to try to obtain political advantage in this situation," said Fall. "We should have no thought of politics now. But even as a politician I should give the President more authority than he asks."

"Let him stand before the people of the United States; let him be responsible; let him have the credit, or receive the rebuke. I do not believe there is any intention to try to force him to call an extra session, but if there is, I merely say to my Republican colleagues that it is unwise, for two reasons."

"First, because they will be held responsible for such an extra session by the people."

"Second, because after the exhibition we have seen here in the debate during the past few days the public must know that the present Congress would not in any healthy or serious way contribute to the defense of American rights or American honor."

Senator Fall of New Mexico, who has been one of the President's hardest critics, took the floor to support the bill.

"We might as well face the situation involved," said Senator Fall. "The passage of the Senate bill will be the equivalent of a limited declaration of war. I may as well say it now that I believe the President has in mind that passage of the Senate bill is a limited declaration of war."

He urged the naming of Germany as the nation against which vessels are to be armed.

ARMED NEUTRALITY GOES. As debate progressed there was more and more evidence that the measure ultimately will go through. Even Senator Stone let it be known that while he opposed it, he will not prevent its passage.

There was one big question mark in the whole proceedings.

Senator LaFollette, who has "gone it alone" before in the matter of opinion, refused early this afternoon even to be "sounded out." While Brandegee and Fall were speaking he retired to the cloak room and was soon lost in restful sleep.

"The President has kept us out of war with Mexico; he has kept us out of war in Europe. I would rather trust him that the horde of weaklings about him who daily fly their kites to see which way the wind is blowing."

Stone declared he would rather trust the President than the "Jingoes who are so prevalent in some sections of the country."

"In Congress," he added, "I am sorry to say that the men who are clamoring for war are dominant."

He said he was opposed to involving the United States in the great war without "infinitely more provocation than this has."

Senator Stone said he believed the President is "in sympathy with this view."

"The President wants peace," he said. "I think he is honest about it. Congress can put us into the war, but the President can do more than all others to keep us out of war."

Referring to the Mexico situation, Stone said that Americans had been ruthlessly killed in Mexico and that the President had been subject to great pressure to force him to war upon Mexico.

OFFERS AMENDMENT. Before beginning his speech Stone offered his amendment to both the Senate and House armed ship bills. The amendment would prevent the United States sailors from being assigned to merchant vessels to guard guns; would refuse guns to ships carrying munitions and supplies to belligerent nations, and refuse convoys to such ships.

"For four years," Stone said, "I've worked by the side of the President and enjoyed his friendship and esteem. I've not always agreed with him. Such men as we cannot always agree. But I have followed him. If this question were but one of faith and trust in him, I would not hesitate. But I profoundly regret I cannot vote for this, even though the President will be it. It is our first disagreement that we have been unable to reconcile."

Stone denounced the bestowal of "such broad powers in the hands of any President," at the same time expressing confidence that the President would use them "as prudently and justly as any sane man."

"I would not for a moment consider voting such extraordinary powers into the hands of any President, although I would rather trust President Wilson than the whole United States of jingoes in and out of Congress."

He said, "I think, would authorize the President to engage in actual war."

Colts Cause Headache and Grip LAMARTE. OFFENSE. REMOVED. Remember to call for the fair for signature of L. W. GROVE, 25c.—Advertisement.

# FLETCHER TAKES MEXICAN POST

First Act of New Minister Will Be to Seek Stand Toward United States.

BY UNITED PRESS.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, March 3.—United States Ambassador Fletcher formally presented his credentials to First Chief Carranza today, marking the complete restoration of diplomatic interchange between Mexico and the United States and the final step in entire recognition of the Carranza government.

The occasion was to be made the formal occasion for a ceremony of great pomp. Ambassador Fletcher was received with extraordinary honors, accorded the salutes of a general division in the army and granted respectful tribute by officials and the people at large.

Fletcher's first official act as ambassador was expected to be presentation of an inquiry to the Mexican foreign office requesting a statement from that government as to its position with regard to the United States. The inquiry was ordered from Washington in view of the relations of Germany's attempt to align Mexico and Japan against America.

In view of the government's disavowal that such a plan was ever broached by the German ambassador a formal answer reiterating Mexico's complete friendship for the United States is expected at once.

The formal speeches to be interchanged between First Chief Carranza and the new ambassador were awaited with interest.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

EL PASO, Tex., March 3.—From a wounded Villa soldier who came here for medical treatment, government agents claim to have learned of a plan to reduce his force to 300 picked men, abandon his campaign against Chihuahua City and Juarez and disappear for three months on a secret mission in the interest of his provisional government, of which Miguel Diaz Lombardo is to be provisional president.

According to these agents, the soldier told of Villa's announcement at Santa Rosalia when he evacuated that town before General Francisco Murguía's successful drive. Villa made a speech to his soldiers, according to the report, telling them he was taking 300 picked and mounted men, and ordered the remainder of his command of 1500 to break into small bands and maintain themselves as bandits until his return.

# PLOT IS ADMITTED BY ZIMMERMANN

(Continued From Page 1)

and under these circumstances. I therefore may be allowed to limit my answer to what was said in English reports, which were certainly inspired by sympathy with Germany.

"The English report expressly states that Germany expected and wished to remain on terms of friendship with the United States, but that in case the United States declared war against Germany, we prepared measures of defense. I fail to see how such a 'plot' is inspired by unfriendliness on our part. It would mean nothing but that we would use the means universally admitted in war in case that the United States declared war."

"In the most important part of the alleged plot is conditions and form. The whole 'plot' falls flat to the ground in case the United States does not declare war against us, and if we really, as the report alleges, considered the possibility of a hostile act of the United States against us, then we really had reasons to do so."

"An Argentine newspaper, printed a short while ago, really revealed the plot which, according to Edward Price Bell, London correspondent, who said that the United States only waited for the proper moment in order to assist the entente opportunity."

SAYS U. S. AIDS ENTENTE. "The same American stated that Americans from the beginning of the war really participated in it by putting the immense resources of the United States at the entente's disposal, and that Americans were not neutral, but actively assisting the entente, that assistance by friendly neutrality would be during that time much more efficient for the entente than direct participation in the war."

"Whether this American newspaper reported the facts exactly correct we are at a loss to judge in a satisfactory fashion, since we were more or less completely cut off from real communication with the United States. But there were other facts which seemed to confirm this and similar assurances. Everybody knows these facts and I need not repeat them."

"The entente propaganda services have sufficiently heralded all these prophecies demonstrations in the United States, and if you like (apparently the word 'take' was meant) with the actual attitude of the United States, then it is obvious that the consideration was not frivolous on our part what defensive measures we should take if we were attacked by the United States."

# JAPAN EXPLAINS MOTIVE OF PLOT

Tokyo Government Indignantly Denies Dealings With Germany.

BY UNITED PRESS.

TOKYO, March 3.—That the letter of German Foreign Secretary Zimmermann was designed wholly to create distrust of Japan in the United States and to stir up new trouble between the United States and Mexico, was the view expressed by officials here today.

The belief was stated that Germany never expected the German-Japanese-Mexican alliance proposed in the letter Zimmermann wrote to the German minister at Mexico City to be a success. The sole aim of the movement, officials declare, was to sow the seeds of discord among the entente allies in the western hemisphere and in the Orient.

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, March 3.—General Carranza will give American Ambassador Fletcher informal assurances that the German government has not proposed to Mexico that the German government proposed in the United States when Fletcher is presented to the first chief today, it is generally understood. Carranza will add that under no circumstances would his government have considered such a proposal had it been made and will renew his assurances of a friendly feeling for the United States.

BY UNITED PRESS.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Mexico has not received any proposition of an alliance from Germany, Foreign Minister Aguilar informed the United Press today. He sent the following telegram from Guadalajara:

"United Press, New York: The government of Mexico has not received any proposition of alliance from the imperial German government."

This is the first official word from the Mexican government indicating that the German proposition failed to reach First Chief Carranza or his ministers.

MOYONO MAKES DENIALS.

TOKYO, March 3.—The declaration of the Japanese government, through Foreign Minister Viscount Motono, that Japan has received no proposition from Mexico or Germany to join in a possible war against the United States was supplemented today in a statement made by the Associated Press on behalf of the government by Kijuro Shidehara, vice-foreign minister.

"We were greatly surprised to hear of the German proposal," he said. "We cannot imagine what Germany is thinking about to conceive that she could possibly involve us in war with the United States merely by asking Mexico. This is too ridiculous for words. Needless to say, Japan remains faithful to her allies."

In response to a question regarding Japan's attitude toward recent American measures which were brought forward in Idaho and Oregon, M. Shidehara said he had especially requested newspapers to refrain from inflammatory comment, advising that the matter be left for treatment through diplomatic channels.

REALIZE SITUATION. "It was notable that the agitation did not approach that of the time the matter was brought up in California in 1913, and it is doubtful whether the masses of the people were even cognizant of the Oregon and Idaho bills."

"Of course, we registered objections to the bills on the ground that they were discriminatory," M. Shidehara declared.

"Japan is convinced Secretary Lansing has done everything possible to prevent the passage of these measures, but regrets the apparent repeal of an anti-alien measure in one state. We realize the embarrassment of the central government owing to the system of state rights, but it is duty bound to protect the dignity, honor and interests of the Japanese subjects."

# Austria Will Seek America's Friendship

BERNE, March 3.—The recent reports that the Austro-Hungarian government has determined to make every effort to maintain diplomatic relations with the United States is corroborated by information reaching here from Vienna. The impression prevails that Austria-Hungary will make every sacrifice regarded as reasonable to avoid a rupture, even if such action apparently would mean lying in the face of Germany.

# Captain McElroy Named Rear Admiral

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson has nominated Captain George W. McElroy to be rear admiral.

# MISS RANKIN IS WILDLY CHEERED AT NEW YORK

Congresswoman From Montana Wins Approval

NEW YORK, March 3.—Three thousand New Yorkers stamped, cheered, and waved their approval of a little slip of a woman all in white chiffon and almost as embarrassed as a high school girl in a graduating class at Carnegie hall. She was Miss Jeanette Rankin, congresswoman from Montana; and the speech was her first to a New York audience.

But there was no white chiffon about Miss Rankin's opinions. She led off by sounding the keynote of her campaign:

"Let the people know," and the crowd liked it. She went on to plead for "political, business and social democracy" and the crowd liked that too.

"Woman suffrage is coming," she said, "in spite of the Democratic party."

Miss Rankin is a Republican. She was proud of her party and said so; and of her sex, and said so; and of her victory and said so; and the crowd cheered her every time. It cheered her when she expounded in clear, forceful style, her convictions concerning the questions of the day, including this:

"Women are entitled to the right to say whether their men shall go to war."

PREPAREDNESS IS SUBJECT. "Preparedness—For What?" will be the subject of the sermon preached tomorrow by Rev. William Day Simonds, pastor of the First Unitarian church. The sermon is supposed to

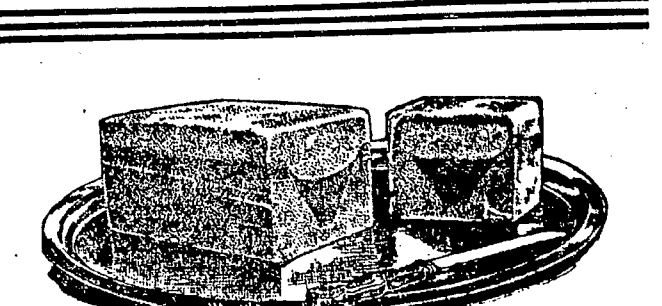
# CHINA MAY ENTER WAR WITH ALLIES

Final Settlement of Terms Now Being Discussed by Powers.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Negotiations looking to China's entrance into the war against the central powers now are in progress at Peking and in all the entente capitals. It was learned here, and their success depends only upon the harmonizing of the rewards to be given China with the amount of co-operation demanded of her. It is regarded as practically certain that China will sever relations with Germany, and a declaration of war probably will follow, if the entente will guarantee satisfactory relaxation of the restrictions imposed upon the eastern empire by the world powers after the Boxer troubles.

Facts learned today from official and diplomatic circles serve to clear up much of the obscurity which has overhung events in the Far East in the last month. China desires to secure the complete remission of the Boxer indemnities, which total over \$50,000,000 a year and continue until 1940. If she entered the war the part which otherwise would be paid to Austria and Germany could be repudiated. Information here indicated that the entente already has agreed to postpone payments in case China begins hostilities.

The entente powers on their part are anxious to have China in the war, not only as a reservoir of men, but as the biggest open trade market after the war. There will be coincidence with the fact that tomorrow President Wilson will be inaugurated.



You'll Enjoy  
**Lehnhardt's**  
Special Ice Cream Bricks For Your  
Sunday Dinner Dessert

This Week our  
Special Brick is  
Pineapple Ice Cream  
Orange Water Ice  
Vanilla Ice Cream

Delivered to your home  
packed in ice.  
Quart Brick .....80c  
Pint Brick .....50c

If you call for it at our  
store  
Quart Brick .....50c  
Pint Brick .....25c

FOR PROMPT DELIVERY  
Phone Lehnhardt's, Oakland 496,  
AS WE HAVE NO AGENTS

**Lehnhardt's**  
Broadway near Fourteenth St.

SECURITY BANK, 11th & Broadway  
**ANNOUNCEMENT**  
Will be open every Saturday  
evening from 6:30 to 8:00  
o'clock to receive savings deposits  
Oakland's Fastest Growing Bank—Security First  
Small Accounts Especially Invited

**Men and Women of Oakland!**  
WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT  
The Church of the Universal Christ?  
DO YOU KNOW  
This is the Church of the Way, Truth and Life?  
DO YOU KNOW  
This is the Church with the Universal Christian Message  
meeting all personal and social problems of Today?  
DO YOU KNOW  
This is the Church that puts  
Health into your body  
Happiness into your heart  
Harmony into your soul?  
Every Sunday at Hotel Oakland Rose Room.

**POPULAR PREACHER  
POPULAR SERVICE  
POPULAR CHURCH  
FIRST BAPTIST**  
Telegraph Ave at 21st St.  
11 A. M.—"The Cup of Happiness"  
7:30 P. M.—Light Bearers of Liberty Series  
Religious Freedom's Pioneer Exile  
**Excellent Musical Attractions**  
BRING YOUR FRIENDS HERE

**Inauguration Day  
Monday, March Fifth**  
is also the date  
for the opening  
of the magnificent  
new home of the  
**Federal Drug Company**  
Broadway and Telegraph at Sixteenth  
No Goods  
Sold on  
Opening  
Day  
You Are Cordially  
Invited to Attend  
Visit the  
Tea and  
Luncheon  
Room

## PRESSURE IS PUT ON APPROPRIATIONS

President Wilson Does Not Desire Extra Session Before Late in Spring.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS  
LEAST WIRE TO TRIBUNE.  
WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson has no intention of taking action that would bring war with Germany until Congress is summoned in extra session. This was communicated to Senate leaders today by representatives of the president, who takes the position that if no extraordinary crisis arises it will not be necessary to call an extra session before late in the spring, and then only to pass any appropriation bills which may fall at the present session.

The president today continued efforts to persuade Republican senators to assist in the passage of needed appropriation bills during the present session. These senators were told by representatives of the president that their argument that Congress should remain in session because of the German situation was not logical because he naturally would take no action leading to a declaration of war without the co-operation of Congress.

The president was represented as feeling deeply the implication back of the effort to force an extra session. He desires the important appropriation bills passed at this session so that if an extra session is forced by the German situation Congress could begin work immediately on emergency measures.

It became known that the president will seek an opportunity in the near future to make his position clear. His representatives at the capital were told early today that some Republican senators were insisting in blocking the appropriation measures in order to force an extra session.

For a while it was said, it looked as though the administration's efforts to get action on the army appropriation bill, the military academy bill and a few other important measures would be successful, but finally two or three of the Republican leaders would not give their consent to such an arrangement.

The president completed his inaugural address today, and it was understood that the foreign situation was the principal subject dealt with.

The president, both by telephone and through direct representatives was in constant communication with the capital today.

## Pacific Reserve Fleet Will Be Divided

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The Pacific reserve fleet is to be split up and a warship patrol established at every port on the Pacific coast from Seattle to San Diego, according to persist rumor today in naval and shipping circles.

As a partial confirmation of the rumor, it was admitted by officers of the cruiser Pueblo, Rear-Admiral Evans's flagship, which has been in port several weeks, that orders have been received to remain here indefinitely. The fleet is composed mainly of second and third-class cruisers and lesser vessels.

## Canadian Romance Ends in Wedding

A Canadian romance brought about the wedding in Oakland today of Shiran Allison of Vancouver, B. C., and Mrs. Emma Cunningham of Vermilion, Canada. The couple were married by Dr. James F. Ross in the parsonage of the First United Presbyterian church at Eighteenth and Castro streets. They will go to Los Angeles on a honeymoon trip. The bride came here three months ago and Allison followed.

Start with One Dollar.

## The Oakland Bank of Savings

Established 1867.  
RESOURCES OVER  
\$32,000,000.00  
Twelfth and Broadway  
Oakland Branch, 1228 Seventh Street.  
Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

## "Sirkus" to Have the Lid on It, Say Managers



MISS ELIZABETH WITTER.  
Hartsook Photo.

## Famous Affair to Be Given as of Yore—But Safety First.

TRIDINE BUREAU  
2018 SHATTUCK AVE.  
BERKELEY, March 3.—With a reputation for naughtiness to be lived down, the Big "C" Sirkus at the University of California is to be revived. Long consideration on the part of the student body as to whether the stigma could be banished of a past year when various licenses made the affair on California Field a scandal for weeks afterward has resulted in definite plans for its repetition. Only, this year, the committee announced today, met at their first meeting, that questionable dancing and misbehavior, generally would be drastically met.

## Nolan Bomb Trial Is Set for May 14

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Three days before Thomas J. Mooney is doomed to pay the death penalty at San Quentin for his alleged connection with the Preparedness parade bomb outrage, Edward Nolan, labor leader, will be placed on trial before Judge Franklin Griffin for the same offense. Nolan was in court today and the date of his trial was set for May 14.

## Spreckels Yacht Is Offered to U. S. Navy

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—John D. Spreckels Jr., today tendered his yacht Venetia to the government. It will be formally accepted as a "naval auxiliary reserve vessel" under rule three of the navy regulations which provides that it is available to the government only in time of actual warfare.

The Venetia has a speed of fifteen knots, an hour and a cruising radius of 700 miles.

## NEW SYMPHONY PAGE OF HISTORY

American Composition Ranks  
With Work of Europe's  
Musical Masters.

By Ray C. B. Brown.

In his "New England" symphony, Edgar Stillman Kelley has written a composition which ranks with the great national symphonies and shines there with a lustre distinctively its own. It is American in its essence, but without a trace of provincialism. Constructively and harmoniously, it might have come from one of the musical laboratories of Europe; Strauss would not disdain the second movement with its remarkable instrumentation and technique, were he alive, would not be ashamed to claim the last movement as one of his own. That Americans appreciate its value was shown by the manner in which the audience acclaimed it yesterday in the audition given by Alfred Hertrich and his pupils, and by the ovation paid the composer at its close.

Perhaps some of the appeal of the symphony to me is due to the fact that it is the work of a young man, a day-long passenger. Be that as it may, I find it hard to imagine a more sympathetic one painting of the spiritual and material adventures of this country in the wilderness than this work. It is instinctive with the fervor of fanaticism, the grim devotion to duty, the stern guidance and the sturdy will of the men who sought in the New World a freedom restricted only by their own limitations.

A MUSICAL HISTORY.  
I may be reading into the symphony a "pageant" which would not meet with Mr. Kelley's approval, but I see in the four movements a compact history of the first year at Plymouth. The harsh accents of the Puritans in the first movement, the call that led the pilgrims to venture all on the stormy Atlantic. There is nothing seductive in this motif; it is almost forbidding in its ruggedness. Again and again it sounds throughout the four movements, the dominant of an unsmiling mentor, reminding men that all is vanity save the one idea of devotion to the stern duty of the day.

Against it struggles the Love of Life motif—a love that has nothing sensual in its quality, a love that aspires to the heights of the spiritual. It is a love that sees as well a depiction of the stormy voyage, the landing on the "stern and rocky shore," the hardships of the first winter and the mental bewilderment of these venturers.

The second movement is the first sprightly in the symphony. It is a love that sees as well a depiction of the stormy voyage, the landing on the "stern and rocky shore," the hardships of the first winter and the mental bewilderment of these venturers.

AGAIN "DUTY" MOTIF.  
Duty breaks in again harshly in the third movement which paints for me the tribulations of the first year at Plymouth. There have been many attempts to express bird voices in music, but I doubt if it is possible to do so more effectively and successfully than this scherzo. "This is the forest primeval" and one of the Puritans has wandered into it for a moment to see the forest.

THE FINAL MOVEMENT is the celebration of the first Thanksgiving. A powerful chromatic theme rushes one at once into the excitement of that peculiar festival in which Indians mingled with Europeans at a common table. In the rhythm and nerve of this theme there is more than a hint of Indian color and this is later developed into a passage of the natives and ominous with the threat of savage war. The entire movement has a dynamic swell that is marvelous in its effect. The music is a masterpiece of technical complexity, but it is not less lovely for its lovely cantabile (slow). Beethoven's third "Lenore" overture opened the program in a poetic and spirited rendition. The program will be repeated Sunday afternoon, and Edgar Stillman Kelley will again appear on the stage to receive a welcome from the city in which he once made his home.

## Children Play With Pistol; One Is Killed

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Death for a 4-year-old Edmund O'Malley, 1229 Seventh Avenue, lurked in a "toy pistol" that proved to be a real revolver when fired in play by Vernon Lewis, 1253 Seventh Avenue, an 8-year-old companion, yesterday. Edmund was shot through the head and died almost immediately, his 6-year-old brother, Thomas O'Malley, witnessing the tragedy.

The three boys found the pistol, owned by Eugene Litch, lying on a table in a living room at the rear of a garage at 1260 Ninth Avenue, owned by August Holland and Rich. They had been given permission by Holland to play in the room. Vernon Lewis picked up the pistol and thinking, as he said, that it was a toy gun, pulled the trigger and the weapon exploded. The bullet struck Edmund O'Malley and he fell dying to the floor.

## Sheriff's Office Traces Suspects Movements

Deputy Sheriff Joseph Soares, who accomplished the arrest of a trio of men suspected of being wire thieves Thursday, has instituted a close examination into the history of each, following the sentence yesterday of twenty days in the county jail meted out to each of the suspects by Justice of the Peace Charles Prowse of Hayward.

Soares has learned that the automobile in which the three parties of white and colored men and women were riding carried a license number belonging to a Los Angeles car. The party included F. J. and G. C. McGill, white, Verness Nelson, Essie Duncan and Stella Harms, colored.

## Body of German Sea Captain Is Recovered

Word was received in Oakland marine circles today through the Merchants' Exchange that the body of Captain H. Schlueter, master of the German steamer Staatssekretär Kratke in Honolulu had been recovered by divers. The body will be buried by German societies in Honolulu. The steamer is one of those seriously damaged immediately after the break between this country and Germany. It is announced that the drowning of Captain Schlueter was accidental.

## DREDGER WORKS COUNCIL PUZZLE

Beach Men and Waterfront  
Contractors Take Part  
in Debate.

TRIBUNE BUREAU  
134 PARK ST.

ALAMEDA, March 3.—The city council last night voted to rescind without prejudice the permit recently granted the Oakland Waterfront Council to build a set-back lake or lagoon on the Alameda west end tidelands. This action was taken to insure protection for the south side bathing beaches and private properties from damage if the proposed levee of sand and earth should break and release large quantities of sand piled up on the beach. The rescission vote was taken after nearly two hours of talk and consideration. Among the speakers for the beaches were George A. Hagg, George Masters, August Freese, Frank Macauley, former Mayor Edward K. Taylor, Lochiel M. King and G. W. Rineham.

## Mrs. Neilsen's Funeral Will Be Held Monday

The funeral of Mrs. Pauline Francisco Neilsen, for many years a resident of Oakland, Alameda, will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock, following a service at the family home, 4111 Agua Vista Avenue, cremation will take place. Mrs. Neilsen had lived here forty years, coming West after emigrating from Denmark, her native land.

## Oil Claimants Lose Contest in Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—All hope of the California oil claimants getting any kind of relief at this session vanished when Senator Hustling, Wisconsin, objected to consideration of the Clark amendment, which would allow the interior department to suspend outer action against the claimants, and allow leases on a one-eighty royalty basis for the first year, giving ten years for Congress to enact remedial legislation for the claimants. Senator Myers, chairman of the Senate public lands committee, asked unanimous consent to consider the resolution, but Hustling objected.

## Bond Issue for Naval Construction Approved

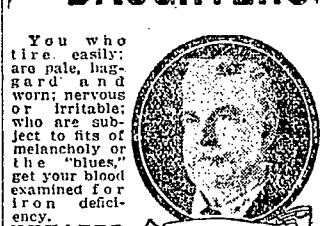
WASHINGTON, March 3.—After an executive session in which Secretary McAdoo participated the House ways and means committee today reported favorably the resolution to authorize a \$150,000,000 bond issue for hurrying naval construction. Unlimited power for the President to spend the money as he will either for work already authorized or for new projects, was denied by the committee, despite vigorous efforts of Democrats to obtain it.

## Democratic Congress- man Dies at Capital

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Representative Michael F. Conry of New York City, Democratic member of Congress for four terms and re-elected for a fifth, died here after a long illness. He was 47 years old. In spite of his failing health he had been at the capital quite regularly until last week, and as a member of the ways and means committee had worked hard in connection with the framing of the revenue bill and other legislation.

## WOMEN! MOTHERS! DAUGHTERS!

You who tire easily, are pale, lag, get nervous or irritable, get your blood purified by taking F. King, M.D.



## Sheriff's Office Traces Suspects Movements

Deputy Sheriff Joseph Soares, who accomplished the arrest of a trio of men suspected of being wire thieves Thursday, has instituted a close examination into the history of each, following the sentence yesterday of twenty days in the county jail meted out to each of the suspects by Justice of the Peace Charles Prowse of Hayward.

## Hotel Shattuck

BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA  
Social and Civic Center of Berkeley.  
American and European Plan.  
A La Carte and Table d'Hôte Dining Rooms.  
Dinner Dances Second and Fourth Thursdays.

## OFFICERS INSPECT U. S. STEAMSHIPS

Ready to Arm Vessels as Soon  
as Word Comes From  
Wilson.

NEW YORK, March 3.—United States naval officers today are completing inspection of the St. Louis and three other American liners preparatory to arming them fore and aft, and making them ready to put to sea within the next few days.

The St. Louis, St. Paul, New York and Philadelphia can be made ready for sea within forty-eight hours after President Wilson gives the order to arm. American line officials said today.

There is a possibility that the government might take these liners for auxiliary cruisers in case of war with Germany. The four liners still have the gun platforms they used during the Spanish-American war and are built to carry six-inch guns, two forward in turrets on the starboard side and one each in the stem and stern. They also could mount a number of machine-guns amidship.

## Special Campaign Work Is Planned

The local Salvation Army has arranged for a four days special campaign in the interests of the Sunday school and young people's work of Oakland and Young Peoples' League. From Chicago, who is chief secretary for all Salvation Army children and young people's work in the Western states, also for the Life Saving Scouts, an organization similar to the Boy Scouts movement, will conduct meetings today, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday in the cathedral on Ninth street, near Washington.

Members of the Oakland Sunday school and Young Peoples' League, also the Oakland "Golden Poppy Troop" of the Boys' Life Saving Scouts, will participate, while the eastern visitor will deliver a special address at each gathering.

## Rare Hungarian Music Will Be Heard at Concert



ONE OF SCHILDKRET'S ORCHESTRA.

## Schildkret's Orchestra Promises a Treat at the Technical High School Monday Night.

Music lovers are promised a rare attraction in a concert to be given by the Schildkret Hungarian orchestra at the Technical high school Monday night. Samuel Schildkret, who will lead the orchestra, is a master of the piccolo and the flute, as is each of the other musicians of his special instrument. The zymbaline, the national musical instrument of Hungary, is prominent in many of the selections of the varied repertoire.

## Blind Leads Blind, Both Are Intoxicated

ALAMEDA, March 3.—Detective Geo. Brown encountered a case of the blind leading the blind yesterday afternoon and arrested on charges of drunkenness two blind men from the blind home in Oakland. They were R. E. Hussey and Robert Gitco. This morning they were permitted to go by Police Judge L. R. Weinmann.

## PAVING PLAN TO BE PUT THROUGH

East Fourteenth Street Will Be  
Made Into a Model  
Thoroughfare.

East Fourteenth street, between Fifteenth Avenue and the San Leandro-Oakland line, will be paved in at least a portion of the width within the next few months, according to plans being made by Commissioner William J. Bacus. Preliminary arrangements for the work are now being made.

Commissioner Bacus stated that regardless of whether the board of supervisors allows the city \$100,000 for a share of the work, something will be done as soon as possible. The matter has already been taken up with the county authorities. Commissioner Bacus contends that the county should be as ready to assist the city of Oakland in paving East Fourteenth street as it was to contribute to paving a strip along San Pablo Avenue through Berkeley and Albany.

The paving of East Fourteenth street from Fifteenth Avenue to San Leandro will complete the entire thoroughfare between Oakland and Hayward with adequate surface for the traffic. The town of San Leandro is paving the street within the city limits and the supervisors are paving between San Leandro and Hayward. The opening of this main artery will considerably relieve the traffic over the Foothill boulevard between the two points.

## Damage Verdict Is Returned in Lawsuit

A verdict in the sum of \$1900 was rendered by a jury yesterday in the case of Mrs. Marie Osterberg against Mrs. Eugenia Chaumette. The action resulted from an alleged attack with acid, following arguments on the war and the nationality of the parties. Mrs. Chaumette was found not guilty by a jury in a criminal action involving the same facts.

## Henry Morse Stephens Returns to Berkeley

BERKELEY, March 3.—Greatly benefited by the trip west, Henry Morse Stephens, head of the department of history in the University of California, arrived in Berkeley today from New York City, where for weeks he lay almost at death's door from bronchial pneumonia. He was taken from the Santa Fe depot to Alta Bates Sanatorium where it is expected he will have to remain for two weeks before resuming his suite at the Faculty Club.

## Hotel St. Mark

MONTHLY RATES:  
\$20 per Month; \$25 with Private Bath.



## The blend can't be copied

That's why it is Chesterfields or nothing—if you want this new kind of enjoyment in cigarette smoking. For Chesterfields, besides doing the usual thing of pleasing the taste, do the one thing you've always wished for in a cigarette—Chesterfields just "touch the spot," they let you know you are smoking—they "SATISFY"!

But they're mild, too!

It's a new blend of high-quality Imported and Domestic tobaccos—that's how it's done. And the blend can't be copied.

Try Chesterfields.

20 for 10¢



## Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended

They Satisfy—and yet they're mild.

## If Every Dollar

that you spend brings you full value for each of its One Hundred Cents, there will be something left each month for your Savings Account.

Start with One Dollar.

## The Oakland Bank of Savings

Established 1867.  
RESOURCES OVER  
\$32,000,000.00  
Twelfth and Broadway  
Oakland Branch, 1228 Seventh Street.  
Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

Berkeley Branch—N. E. Corner Shattuck Ave. and Center St.

## If you want health

you can have it, by heeding Nature's laws. Keep the stomach strong, the liver active, the blood pure, and the bowels regular, and you will seldom be ill. Take good care of these organs, and at the first sign of anything wrong—promptly take Beecham's Pills.

## you certainly need

the help and relief of this world-famed remedy, to keep the body in health. They quickly establish normal conditions, so the organs perform their functions as Nature intended. No other remedy will so surely strengthen the system, stimulate the liver, regulate the bowels and quickly improve the general health as

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c.





## The Window at the White Cat

By Marg Roberts Rinehart

(Continued from Yesterday.)

He drew a chair to the center-table for Wardrop, and another, just across for himself. I sat back and to one side of the patient, where I could see Wardrop's haggard profile and every movement of the specialist.

On the table was an electric instrument like a small clock, and the doctor's first action was to attach to it two wires with small, black rubber mouthpieces.

"Now, Mr. Wardrop," he said, "we will go on with the test. Your other condition is fairly well told you; I think you can dismiss the idea of insanity without a second thought, but there is something more than brain and body to be considered. In other words, you have been through a storm, and some of your nervous system are down. Put the mouthpiece between your lips, please; you see, I do the same with mine. And when I give you a word, speak as quickly as possible the association it brings to your mind. For instance, I say 'noise.' Your first association might be 'street,' 'band,' 'drum,' almost anything associated with the word. As quickly as possible, please."

The first few words went simply enough. Wardrop's replies came almost instantly. To "light," he replied "lamp;" "touch," brought the response "hand;" "eat," brought "Burton," and both the doctor and I smiled. Wardrop was intensely serious. Then—

"Taxicab," said the doctor, and, after an almost imperceptible pause, "road" came the association. All at once I began to see the possibilities.

"Desk." "Pen."

"Pipe." "Smoke."

"Head." After a perceptible pause the answer came uncertainly. "Fair." But the association of ideas would not be decided for in answer to the next word, which was "ice," he gave "blood," evidently following up the previous word "head."

I found myself gripping the arms of my chair. The clock on the doctor's clock-like instrument was measuring the interval. I could see that now. The doctor took a record of every word and its response. Wardrop's eyes were shifting nervously.

"Red." "Cold."

"White." "Black."

"Whisky." "Glass," all in less than a second.

"Pearls." A little hesitation, then "box."

"Taxicab" again. "Night."

"Silly." "Wise."

"Shot." After a pause, "revolver."

"Night." "Dark."

"Blood." "Head."

"Water." "Drink."

"Traveling-bag." He brought out the word "train" after an evident struggle, but in answer to the next word "foot," instead of the obvious "found," he said "woman." He had not had sufficient mental agility to get away from the association with "bag." The "woman" followed there.

"Murder" brought "dead," but "shot," following immediately after, brought "staircase."

I think Wardrop was on his guard by that time, but the conscious effort to hide truths that might be damaging made the intervals longer, from that time on. Alred I felt sure Allan Fleming's widow had been right; he had been shot from the locked back staircase. But by whom?

"Blow" brought "chair."

"Blow" came like a flash.

In quick succession, without pause, came the words—

"Bank." "Note."

"Door." "Bell."

"Money." "Peters," without any apparent connection.

Wardrop was going to the bad. When, to the next word, "staircase," again he said "scar," his demoralization was almost complete. As for me, the scene in Wardrop's mind was clear.

Schwarz, with the scar across his ugly forehead, and the bolted door to the staircase open!

On again with the test.

"Flour" after perhaps two seconds, from the preceding shock, brought "bread."

"Trees." "Leaves."

"Night." "Dark."

"Gate." He stopped here so long, I thought he was not going to answer at all. Presently, with an effort, he said "wood," but as before, the association idea came out in the next word; for "electric light" he gave "letters."

"Attic" brought "trunks" at once.

(To be continued tomorrow.)

## Society



MRS. ERNEST LEOPOLD HEEBNER of New York, who has been much-feted by society on either side of the bay during her stay in San Francisco. Last week Mrs. Heebner was one of the particularly striking women at Del Monte for the winter sports. —Fraser, Photo.

Like a volume of "Who's Who" reads the personnel of the honorary committee which stood sponsor for the recital which Charles Keeler, the Berkeley poet, gave of his own poems a week ago in the Princess Theater in New York. It included a group of men and women whose names are widely known throughout the nation and was an indication of the position which the poet has attained since leaving California. And the playhouse was crowded with people equally as prominent who have given their hearty endorsement to the poet's work.

Among the guests were: Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Arens, leader of the People's Symphony Orchestra of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Brenner, Brenner being the sculptor of the Lincoln penny.

Mrs. Robert Erskine Ely, head of the Civic Forum.

Mr. Henry Hammond.

Hamilton Hill, editor of the New York Journal.

Robert Underwood Johnson, former editor of The Century, now secretary of the American Academy.

Professor and Mrs. William P. Trent.

Both professors Trent are Columbia University.

Mrs. Frank Sullivan Smith, who claims among the distinguished intimates with whom she has been associated.

Professor and Mrs. William R. Shepher.

Arthur Bohrick, who has come up from Los Angeles to spend a part of the spring in San Francisco, entertained at a charmingly planned affair this week, which included Miss Alice Stone as his guest.

Dinner at the Fairmont was followed by the little party joining in the elegant at the Palace, rounding out the delightful evening.

Bohrick is a guest at the Fairmont while in this part of the state.

California is entertaining an interesting visitor in the person of Mrs. Harriet Chalmers.

Mrs. Chalmers is far famed as a woman explorer and one of the very few women to have been granted a respondent's permit to visit the front in Northern France. Her husband, Franklin Adams, is the editor of the Pan American Bulletin.

Mrs. Chalmers is in San Francisco, having come to this part of the state for a sojourn of some length.

Mrs. T. B. Coghill has chosen to spend the spring in Berkeley, where she has taken apartments at Hotel Shattuck.

Some time ago Mrs. Coghill gave up the old family home place in the Lakeside district, although she remained near by with an attractive domicile in one of the exclusive apartment houses.

Mrs. Dennis Seerles, accompanied by Mrs. Edward Hume, left this week for Southern California, where they plan to remain several weeks. Their time will be divided between Santa Barbara, Coronado and Los Angeles, where each of the women have many friends.

A coterie of girls who are well versed in the mysteries of sweetmeats and their concoction are devoting the early months toward storing up delicious stores which are to be a feature of the Shamrock card party on Friday, March 16. The affair in honor of the patron saint of the Emerald Isle will have the ballroom of Hotel Oakland as its setting and the members of the Oakland center of the California Civic League as the hostesses.

Miss Florence Dean is leader of this group of clever girls. Assisting her are Miss Edith American, Miss Catherine Gibrudell, Miss Katharine Mills, Miss Dolores Brown, Miss Helen Edoff, Miss Claire Don, Miss Helen Bond, Miss Cleo Brown, Miss Viola Marshall, Miss Gladys Robinson, Miss

Luella Greig, Miss Doris Alexander, Miss Mildred Thompson, Miss Gladys Smith, Miss Carol Pardee, Miss Madeline Pardee, Miss Ethel Perkins, Mrs. Claire Blanchfield, Miss Louise Hunter, Miss Margaret Garthwaite.

Miss Phyllis Partington, who is in California with the Boston National Grand Opera Company, was the motif for a delightfully informal reception at which her friends crossed from this side of the bay to greet the former Oakland girl, who has attained a talented musical reputation.

Partingtons resided in East Oakland, where the sons and daughters received their earlier education. Miss Phyllis Partington studied under William B. King and gave promise of being an organist with a brilliant future before her voice gave her a place in opera. She is a young woman of unusual personal beauty.

There are a number of prettily planned dinners for this evening which will precede the dance at which Mr. and Mrs. George Stark Towne will entertain in honor of Mrs. Towne's sister, Miss Josephine Johnson and her fiancé, Milton Maxwell. Mrs. Stark Towne is giving a congenial group of friends to be her guests at dinner. Mrs. Roger Chickering will also share the hospitality with a congenial group of friends.

Miss Julia A. Water is giving a song recital on Thursday evening next in the Alameda Hotel. She will be assisted by Miss Elsie Larsen, violin, and Miss Irene Maxwell. Mrs. Clarence Shumay is giving a congenial group of friends to be her guests at dinner. Mrs. Roger Chickering will also share the hospitality with a congenial group of friends.

There is a general rejoicing in the city at the marriage of Miss Marie McHenry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leland Scott, formerly Miss Marie McHenry. The tiny boy was welcomed early in the week and is receiving the homage of many who have already become his firm friends.

Mrs. George Washington Percy will be the speaker on Monday before the members of the Lakeview Woman's Club, which meets in the assembly rooms of the Lakeview school. "The Influence of Art in the Home" is the theme which the speaker of the art section of the club will discuss. Mrs. J. P. Potter will serve as tea hostess. Assisting her will be Mrs. E. J. Hunt, Mrs. George C. Robb, Mrs. Russell Lowry.

The music department of the Fruitvale Woman's Club will present a program of songs before the club members on Wednesday afternoon when Miss Ida Diserens opens her home. Miss Diserens is chairman of music under the second district of the California Federation of Women's Clubs.

Mrs. C. J. Ernst, the president, will preside at a brief business session on Wednesday afternoon at the Hotel Oakland. The first of the series of lectures announced by Yu A. Kai, a woman's international friendship society, was given Wednesday afternoon at the Hotel Oakland, by Mr. J. J. K. Kasal, editor of the Pacific Press. Mrs. Diserens, Alter, first vice-president of the society, had charge of the meeting. There were about 75 women present.

Mrs. Kasal's subject was "Japan as it was and is." He outlined the history of Japan during the nine different periods from The Divine Ages to the present day. Near the close of the seventh period, just before the "New Japan" dawned, Commodore Perry visited Japan. One year later the first treaty with the United States was signed at Kanagawa, March 31, 1854. He emphasized the fact that Japan is friendly toward the United States and wishes to remain so, despite contradictory rumors.

The second lecture of the series will be given by Dr. Yamato Ichihashi of Stanford University, "The Evolution of Japanese Ideals," at Hotel Oakland, Wednesday, March 7, at 8:30 o'clock. The lectures are reported the following: Priests at the St. Francis Hotel, San Francisco.

## Capitulating Mary Carstairs

By HENRY SYMON HARRISON

(Continued from yesterday.)

He held out his hand, to shake, but Tommy, in an excess of stage fright at the unwonted ceremonial, nimbly turned his back; and the next instant he slipped over the rail like an acrobat and dropped into the waiting dinghy. Safely there, he glanced tentatively upward; but seeing that the tall man above was still standing at the rail and was smiling down upon him, looked tactfully away again. And Varney heard him say to the oarsman in a snappy, impatient voice: "Pull for all you know, dere! I got business dat won't keep."

Varney sat down with the bundle of papers. Within the minute Peter appeared, replete but characteristically alert.

"Read it yet?"

"No, but I've found it. It wasn't hard."

He handed Peter the paper, his thumb crooked to indicate the place, which was superfluous; for near the middle of the front page, top of column and in the strong type of captions, the words leaped out to Peter's eye as though hand-illuminated in many colors:

FERRIS STANHOPE OR

LAURENCE VARNET

Mystery Surrounding Young Man on Yacht Near Hunston.

He Says He's Varney—Natives Say He's Stanhope and Trouble Feared—Yacht Is Elbert Carstairs, With Her Name Painted Out—Mr. Varney's Movement Unknown to Friends Here.

Peter read the story aloud in a guarded undertone. In general, it closely followed the story in the Gazette; so closely, indeed, as to show at a glance that both productions came from one brain and pen. But toward the end the new story took a different turn. It said:

"The above is a sample of the gossip which is agitating this usually quiet little town. Late tonight there are two distinct factions. One holds that the young 'stranger' is Ferris Stanhope, reconnoitering under an alias. The other contends that he is really Laurence Varney, or somebody else, up here on some secret mission. Unless the stranger leaves town before, the facts will doubtless be brought out tomorrow. The gossips promise that a sensation of no mean order is forthcoming."

Below this, some one in the Daily office had added:

"A certain air of mystery surrounds Laurence Varney's recent movements. At his bachelor apartments, in the Arvonita, it was learned last night that Mr. Varney was out of the city, but the man servant there had no idea of his master's whereabouts. From other sources, however, it was learned that Mr. Varney left New York several days ago on the Cypriani, a handsome steam yacht belonging to Elbert Carstairs of No. 60 Fifth avenue. An attempt was made to reach Mr. Carstairs at his home, but the hour was late, and he could not be interviewed. A telegram sent to Ferris Stanhope's last known address, Camp Skagway in the Adirondacks, was unanswered up to the hour of going to press."

(To be continued tomorrow.)

Industrial Farms to Be Urged for Women

SACRAMENTO, March 2.—Assemblyman N. J. Pendergast announced that Rev. Paul Smith, pastor of Central Methodist Church of San Francisco, is coming to the Legislature on Monday to take up the proposed industrial farm for fallen women, which the clergyman has been advocating since the San Francisco Barbary Coast segregated district was closed.

Pendergast said that he will support such a bill along the lines of the Smith plan. The plan has been adopted from the Bedford Falls (N. Y.) farm. Assemblyman Hudson has a bill calling for an appropriation of \$250,000 for a farm, but it does not meet entirely the views of the San Francisco vice crusader.

Woman Makes Fortune in Oil Land Sale

PORTLAND, Ore., March 3.—C. H. Kelly, a barber, treasurer of the state board of barber examiners, today is awaiting the arrival of a \$10,000 check from his sister in Los Angeles who telegraphed him she had just sold oil lands for \$750,000, and was sending him the \$10,000. When the check arrives Kelly will go to Los Angeles to take possession of his share of the family fortune.

Musicaie Is Planned at Y. W. C. A. Vespers

A musicale will be given at the vesper service at the Young Women's Christian Association, 1515 Webster street, Sunday, Mrs. Zilpha Ruggles Jenkins and Mrs. Dent Slaughter, accompanist, will have charge of the program, assisted by Miss Eliza Taylor, Mrs. Robert Battelle, Miss Marion Ellis, Mrs. Ada Roberts Barton, Mrs. Arthur Steiner and Miss Marie Moore.

## Little Known Wives of Well Known Men



The "Laird of Skibo," as the iron master is affectionately called, is approaching the last mile-stone. If he had not been so generous with his donations toward the maintenance of public libraries, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, shown here, would probably be known as the wife of America's wealthiest man. However, she does not seem to be worried. Their only child, Margaret, recently made her debut.

Not that they love Oakland less nor Berkeley more, but that it would be "advantageous" to them to be located in Berkeley, is the stand taken by the members of the St. Michael's Evangelical Lutheran church of Berkeley, located in Oakland at Benvenue street and Alcatraz avenue, in officially asking that the councils of Oakland and Berkeley devise some means of having Alcatraz avenue made the dividing line between the two municipalities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

Formal request was made yesterday by the Berkeley council of the Oakland council that a conference be held, either in Oakland or Berkeley for the purpose of discussing the project. Any change in the boundaries would entail endorsement by the electorate of the two cities.

Many residents in the vicinity of the boundary line are said to be in favor of "getting off the fence." In one case, that of Curtis Wright Jr., a manufacturer, who lives at 6436 Benvenue street, he sleeps partly in Oakland and partly in Berkeley, while in a number of instances people eat in one city and wash dishes in the other. The matter was referred to Mayor Davis.

## Grav Bedtime Stories

By HOWARD R. GARIS

Uncle Wiggly Longears, the rabbit gentleman, hopping through the woods one day, as he was on his way to the store to get a loaf of sugar bread for Nurse Jane Fuzzy Wuzzey, his misanthropic lady housekeeper, heard, from behind a frozen mulberry bush, a voice saying:

"Well, I guess I've lost you, but that's all right. But what will poor Toodieums say? That's what I want to know. What will Toodieums say?"

"Ha! What is going on here?" asked Uncle Wiggly of himself. "Who is Toodieums? Who is saying 'Oh, dear, dear' and what has he lost? I should like to know like trouble, and this is just where I come in—when trouble happens."

So, peering cautiously around the corner of a stump, behind which he had hid, den himself, Uncle Wiggly looked out and there he saw a great big giant.

The giant had on a suit that would each hold a ton of coal, and his coat was so big that it could have wrapped it around the butcher's leg box and still have had several buttons left over. As for the giant's hat, why you could have put inside it two hundred and seven of Uncle Wiggly's silk hats and still have had room for an automobile.

And as for the giant himself, well, if you have ever seen an elephant you know about what the giant looked like, except that he was a man and not an animal.

"Yes, I guess I must have dropped it," said the big giant. "I can't see it any more, where and how sorry Toodieums will be. He'll never want me to go to the store for him again. Oh, dear!"

"A-hem! Please excuse me," politely said Uncle Wiggly, stepping

## SPORT PAGE

BOB FITZSIMMONS, BEING IN OUR MIDS T, TOMMY SIMPSON WANTS HIM TO CHALLENGE NORTON FOR THE AMATEUR HEAVY-WEIGHT TITLE OF EMERYVILLE.

FITZSIMMONS SPEAKS.  
Ruby Robert tells us tell you  
Never freckle graced his nose,  
Says his hands and feet are medium  
And cartoonists are his foes.

GOLDS TRAMPLE  
ON BIG SAINT FIVE,  
DEFENDING TITLE

Santa Clara Boys Won't Let  
Laughland's Mustache  
Alone; Disaster.

Oakland's distinguished basketball scientists, the Oakland Golds, plucked the coast title completely out of danger last night at the Auditorium, by snubbing the Santa Clara university quintet 31 to 21. The game was the bright feature of the athletic carnival and was a peppy struggle from the very start.

Both sides were intent upon entertaining one another without regard to diplomatic relations. The ruthless warfare was carried to such an extent that some of the players spent more time sprawling on the floor than hopping around. Matters even went so far that the Santa Clara boys took to trying to pull Bill Laughland's mustache off his face. Bill naturally regarded this as an overt act and called upon his teammates for vengeance. They responded nobly and the result of the game was thereafter never in doubt.

GOLDS LEAD MOST OF WAY.  
The Y. M. C. A. featured the victory out of doubt before the first half was well under way, and maintained the lead until the final whistle when the score stood 31 to 21. By virtue of this victory the Oakland Golds claim the Pacific coast championship, and will represent this part of the country in the national championships at Chicago later this month.

Three interesting soccer games preceded the basketball contest on the program. In the first event the Garfield playground 100-pound team tied with the McKinley boys of the same weight. The team scoring the goal for the Garfield was one over for the Garfields, while C. Blunt made the McKinley score. The Union team scored the goal for the McKinley boys, and the result was a 3 to 3 tie. Huston of the Iron works, through fluke, lost a goal into the wrong cage. Huston also scored two pretty goals for his team, while the Iron works team won the game by a 2 to 1 margin.

The Stanford-Barbarian game resulted in a victory for the Barbarians.

SAINTS SCARE 'EM.  
In the first two minutes of the Gold-Santa Clara game the college boys promised the fans a victory. Before the local team fairly started, Don shot a pretty basket which was immediately followed by two Gold baskets, one by Hefle and one by Waddell. Santa Clara then took the lead for its team with two shots in succession.

A foul given to the Golds resulted by one point in the lead. It was then that the Golds took the lead, which they never relinquished. Toward the end of the game rough work resulted in trouble between the players of the two teams but the officials handled the situation well.

The individual work of the players follows:

Player	Position	Goals	Field	Foul
Street, F.		2		
Olafson, F.		2		
Shuler, C.		2		
Hefle, C.		4		
Waddell, G.		2		
Laughland, G.		2		
Fitzsimmons, G.		2		
Don, F.		2		
Vicini, F.		1		
Powder, F.		1		
Fernit, F.		3		
Bensberg, F.		1		

SANTA CLARA.  
Don, F. 2  
Vicini, F. 1  
Powder, F. 1  
Fernit, F. 3  
Bensberg, F. 1

SAINTS SCARE 'EM.  
In the first two minutes of the Gold-Santa Clara game the college boys promised the fans a victory. Before the local team fairly started, Don shot a pretty basket which was immediately followed by two Gold baskets, one by Hefle and one by Waddell. Santa Clara then took the lead for its team with two shots in succession.

A foul given to the Golds resulted by one point in the lead. It was then that the Golds took the lead, which they never relinquished. Toward the end of the game rough work resulted in trouble between the players of the two teams but the officials handled the situation well.

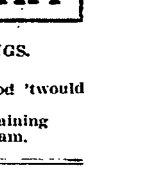
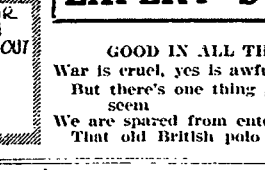
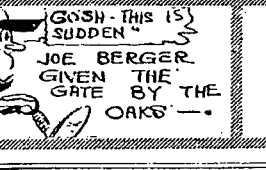
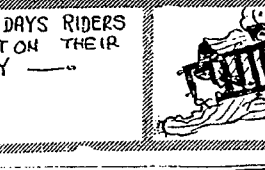
The individual work of the players follows:

Player	Position	Goals	Field	Foul
Street, F.		2		
Olafson, F.		2		
Shuler, C.		2		
Hefle, C.		4		
Waddell, G.		2		
Laughland, G.		2		
Fitzsimmons, G.		2		
Don, F.		2		
Vicini, F.		1		
Powder, F.		1		
Fernit, F.		3		
Bensberg, F.		1		

SANTA CLARA.  
Don, F. 2  
Vicini, F. 1  
Powder, F. 1  
Fernit, F. 3  
Bensberg, F. 1

SAINTS SCARE 'EM.  
In the first two minutes of the Gold-Santa Clara game the college boys promised the fans a victory. Before the local team fairly started, Don shot a pretty basket which was immediately followed by two Gold baskets, one by Hefle and one by Waddell. Santa Clara then took the lead for its team with two shots in succession.

A foul given to the Golds resulted by one point in the lead. It was then that the Golds took the lead, which they never relinquished. Toward the end of the game rough work resulted in trouble between the players of the two teams but the officials handled the situation well.

Inside Stuff  
By Billy Fitz

BOYLS SPRINGS, March 3.—Alas, the military training bug has made its appearance in camp, and there is 'ell to pay. Commander-in-Chief Del Howard had the gang out on parade grounds yesterday afternoon, hiking up and down with their hats at "right shoulder" and some of the rookies got black in the face trying to keep in step. We'll back our awfully good against any other in the Coast League circuit. Bobby Meusel is first lieutenant and old Murphy drill sergeant. Officer of the day yesterday was Bill Prough, and anyone who didn't salute the officer of the day got tapped on the custard with a baseball bat.

"Don't see how they expect a bunch of left handers to keep in step," said Eddie Meusel thoughtfully as he watched Harry Krause, Young Kinney and one or two other port wheelers trying the old "bay-frog" straddle. Wait until Bill Burns and Fred Goodbread, the Brooklyn 220-pounder, get to trying to keep in step with Eddie Meusel and Billy Lane!

Young Konkrite and Newkirk, having had experience with Uncle Sam's navy department at Yerba Buena Island, are assisting in the process of covering the Oaks into a division capable of defending Emeryville against Teuton invasion.

Today the Kirby Giants, an aggregation discovered and owned by Colonel Kirby, dispenser of liquid refreshment at Boyls Springs, defied Howard's rule in the first game of the year. Duffy Lewis plays with Kirby's men but the others are unknown to fame.

Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

"If the other clubs on the circuit have as many likely looking fellows in their camps as I have in mine," declared the Oakland boss today, "baseball this season will be faster than ever in the league's history. Just take a look at those fellows," and he pointed to the infield, where Rod Murphy, Bobby Meusel, Hammy Russell, Thompson and several others were tearing back and forth enthusiastically.

Howard would not have paid so much attention to securing young blood if he had not been confronted with the problem of having to carry four novices the season through. That sent him hustling for a couple of young stars, and he has certainly collected a sweet lot of talent. Two farm boys have been selected at which a half dozen likely looking fellows will be picked up this week and will be ready to play by the time the season is under way.

Howard will probably get some talent from the Oaks. Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

"If the other clubs on the circuit have as many likely looking fellows in their camps as I have in mine," declared the Oakland boss today, "baseball this season will be faster than ever in the league's history. Just take a look at those fellows," and he pointed to the infield, where Rod Murphy, Bobby Meusel, Hammy Russell, Thompson and several others were tearing back and forth enthusiastically.

Howard would not have paid so much attention to securing young blood if he had not been confronted with the problem of having to carry four novices the season through. That sent him hustling for a couple of young stars, and he has certainly collected a sweet lot of talent. Two farm boys have been selected at which a half dozen likely looking fellows will be picked up this week and will be ready to play by the time the season is under way.

Howard will probably get some talent from the Oaks. Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

"If the other clubs on the circuit have as many likely looking fellows in their camps as I have in mine," declared the Oakland boss today, "baseball this season will be faster than ever in the league's history. Just take a look at those fellows," and he pointed to the infield, where Rod Murphy, Bobby Meusel, Hammy Russell, Thompson and several others were tearing back and forth enthusiastically.

Howard would not have paid so much attention to securing young blood if he had not been confronted with the problem of having to carry four novices the season through. That sent him hustling for a couple of young stars, and he has certainly collected a sweet lot of talent. Two farm boys have been selected at which a half dozen likely looking fellows will be picked up this week and will be ready to play by the time the season is under way.

Howard will probably get some talent from the Oaks. Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

"If the other clubs on the circuit have as many likely looking fellows in their camps as I have in mine," declared the Oakland boss today, "baseball this season will be faster than ever in the league's history. Just take a look at those fellows," and he pointed to the infield, where Rod Murphy, Bobby Meusel, Hammy Russell, Thompson and several others were tearing back and forth enthusiastically.

Howard would not have paid so much attention to securing young blood if he had not been confronted with the problem of having to carry four novices the season through. That sent him hustling for a couple of young stars, and he has certainly collected a sweet lot of talent. Two farm boys have been selected at which a half dozen likely looking fellows will be picked up this week and will be ready to play by the time the season is under way.

Howard will probably get some talent from the Oaks. Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

"If the other clubs on the circuit have as many likely looking fellows in their camps as I have in mine," declared the Oakland boss today, "baseball this season will be faster than ever in the league's history. Just take a look at those fellows," and he pointed to the infield, where Rod Murphy, Bobby Meusel, Hammy Russell, Thompson and several others were tearing back and forth enthusiastically.

Howard would not have paid so much attention to securing young blood if he had not been confronted with the problem of having to carry four novices the season through. That sent him hustling for a couple of young stars, and he has certainly collected a sweet lot of talent. Two farm boys have been selected at which a half dozen likely looking fellows will be picked up this week and will be ready to play by the time the season is under way.

Howard will probably get some talent from the Oaks. Del Howard is ready to swear that the four bushier ruling is going to do more to help the Pacific Coast League than any piece of legislation enacted in this circuit in a decade.

PIEDMONT 'FISH'  
TRIUMPH AGAIN

Beat U. C. This Time and Are Getting the Habit; They Need Watching.

By RICHARD DUNGAN, Coach Piedmont Club.

The Piedmont swimmers scored a clean cut victory over George Lindsay's University of California squad last night at Piedmont Baths, making 41 points against the 27 of the Bruins. This follows the victory over the Olympic Club and sustains the local teams claim to recognition as champions of the best district.

Last night's meet was sensational from the very start. Every race was close and the swimmers and spectators alike were kept in a continual ferment of excitement.

The most important performance of the evening was Walter Graces 50 yards. Pitted against George Lindsay, the California captain, and four other sprinters of sterling worth, Grace had a hard event on his hands. He was off to a medium start with three men already in the air before he dived, but his tremendous "skidding" dive brought him back to even terms with the field, and then swimming a flashingspeed crawl he took a good lead on the first lap. He is a poor "turner" and lost on the about-face only to gain an even greater lead on the last lap. He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

He crossed the line two yards ahead of Lindsay. The time was 25.4 seconds, the fastest 50 yards race ever been swum in Alameda county. In the straightaway national final at Suto Baths Grace is a good but to win the 50 yard race he must be able to swim an even greater lead on the last lap.

## MARRIED LIFE

HERES A CIGAR FOR YOU IN THE OTHER ROOM WHILE YOU SMOKE IT

YOU WILL EXCUSE MY HUSBAND WONT YOU?

DONT SEND HIM AWAY ON MY ACCOUNT. I LOVE THE SMELL OF A CIGAR

BAM!

SO DO I BUT I CANT STAND THE SMELL OF A LOADED CIGAR

DEBECK

## MURRAY MAY GO EAST FOR MATCHES

"Battling Billy" in Hard Luck if He Whips Hall Wednesday Night.

Billy Murray, the Sebastopol apple grower, is thinking of following in the footsteps of Bob McAllister, and hitting the trail for New York City, where he has heard that the little Scotchman has been making much success until an injured fist put him out of the show.

Murray has signed for a bout in West Oakland Wednesday night with Jack Hall, the San Francisco light cruiser, whose recent defeats of Henry Hendricks and Knockout Kravosky have made him quite a sensation. Hall whipped both men, though they outweighed him by twenty pounds.

Murray recently returned from an excursion to the border line, where he reduced Joe Ferro to minced meat. Finding no further opponents in that vicinity, he reluctantly had to go to Mexico, and returned to his tame sea gull and the painful occupation of gathering apples for the market.

Jack Hall fails to make any impression upon the swartzy countenance of the young Portuguese. Billy Murray will be in a bad predicament if there does not seem to be anyone around here with sufficient class to give him a battle. Kid Carter was outclassed and so was the highly touted Battling sector. Otto Berg does not seem anxious for Murray's game, at least not right now, and that leaves only Frank Ortega in reserve, and that is rather light.

There are a lot of good bouts on Wednesday's card. Johnny Shodor meets Eddie White, a face, Fritz Frey, a heavy weight of the old days, Charlie May meets George Brandon who drew with Danny Edwards, a heavy weight, a heavy weight, weight, tackles, Battling, Gusto, the Greek tornado, and Jimmy McCrellan and Bull Young, two San Francisco heavyweights, tangle in the curtain-raiser.

With Darcy Banned, Dillon and Flynn Will Be Sent Together.

By H. C. HAMILTON.  
United Press Staff Correspondent.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Grant Hugh Brown is a glutton for punishment. He just grinned today, crossed his fingers, knocked on a hunk of wood he has been carrying around for that purpose, and announced that Jim Flynn and Jack Dillon will stage one of their semi-annual contests in place of Dillon and Les Darcy Monday evening in Madison Square Garden.

Brown believes Governor Whitman will make an effort to have the executive's ban on Darcy raised just as soon as he gets around to it.

Brown says he understands the governor has been led to believe that Darcy and Dillon were a package each other in one of the old-time knock-out-finish fights. That of course couldn't be done under the law and Brown is going to tell him that. Then he is going to say Darcy and Dillon never had any intention of violating the law.

Darcy is too shocked to talk. He doesn't know what he is going to do, but he knocked off training and has come to New York to make plans. He feels that he has not been treated exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. Darcy thought, exactly fairly. He was under age, he argues, when he was carried off, and consequently could not have been conscripted even if conscription had been adopted. He also says he tried several times to enlist, but his mother would not give her consent. D

## COUNTY UNIT LAW DECLARED LOST

fifty-one Out of Seventy-nine  
in Assembly Against  
Proposition.

SACRAMENTO, March 3.—That the Carr-Dennett local unit bill, known as the county unit measure, will not pass the assembly was the assertion made by some of the opponents of the bill who have been making a poll of the lower house. That poll indicated fifty-one votes out of seventy-nine in the assembly against the bill. If this holds out to the finish the bill is doomed to defeat.

It provides a substitution of the county for the existing supervisorial district as the political division for purposes of handling the retail liquor license. It has been fought hard by the "wets," on the ground, they assert, that while it purports to be a local option enactment, at the bottom it is the entering wedge for straight prohibition.

The canvass appeared to come as a surprise to both sides. It was admittedly a larger "wet" vote than had been expected in the assembly, though in the last few days there has been a gain along the "wet" line. The dry leaders in the legislature at a series of conferences the past week have arranged for the introduction of amendments to the Rumranger bill, now before the senate, which make it the measure upon which the wet and dry fight of the session will be centered.

The measure as finally amended would close all saloons in the state, permit the sale of liquor with meals in hotels, restaurants and cafes only during the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m., and forbid the sale of liquor containing more than 14 per cent alcohol, or all liquors except dry wines and beer.

## Fish Cannery Tax Means \$52,000 Yearly

SACRAMENTO, March 3.—An increase of more than \$100,000 is provided for the State Fish and Game Commission's biennial fund in a bill introduced in the legislature by Senator Thompson, placing a tax on all packers, cannerymen and curers of fish operating in California.

The measure, which was drawn up by the commission, provides for a license from every handler of fish who buys for the purpose of reselling. In addition it provides for a four-cent tax on all fish handled by such dealers.

It is estimated that this will produce a total annual revenue of \$52,000, or \$104,000 for the biennial period.

The Commission's revenues for the last biennial period amounted to \$639,000, which, with the \$104,000 revenue from the proposed taxes would give it a total of \$743,000 for the coming biennial period.

## Many Marines Ready for Service in War

PORTLAND, Ore., March 3.—In the event of war there will be 12,000 marines ready for active service besides skeleton defense units necessary for the protection of navy yards, according to Major G. R. Lowndes, in charge of recruiting in the western division of the United States marine corps, who is on his way to San Francisco after an inspection trip in the northwest.

## DRINK HABIT DESTROYED

The Genuine Neal Treatment removes the poison, neutralizes its effect on the nerves and thus destroys the "craving." For details address W. S. Wallace, Mgr. Neal Institute, 1550 Fell street, San Francisco. Phone West 553.

Narcotic Drug Habits successfully treated. Sixty Neal Institutes in sixty principal cities.—Advertisement.

## BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, gripping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without gripping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

## OUCH! LUMBAGO?

Try Musterole. See How Quickly It Relieves

You just rub Musterole in briskly, usually the pain is gone—a delicious, soothing comfort comes to take its place.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. Use it instead of mustard plaster. Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients.

They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).



## Congress Becomes History New Solons Take Up Task

Sixty-Fourth Session Has An  
Eventful Term  
Record.

By WILLIAM D. HASSETT,  
International News Staff Correspondent.  
WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Sixty-fourth Congress, which tomorrow passes into the annals of things that were, will be long remembered as the Congress which responded to the demand for national preparedness. While economic status of public and moment have been written into the law of the land, preparedness measures, inspired by the European war, out-top all other legislation.

Although ample provision has been made for fortifications and authority has been granted by Congress to more than double the standing army of the country, the metamorphosis of the United States from a commercial to a fighting nation has been wrought by the naval increases authorized. Congress was to be a doubtful third or even a fourth naval power, the Congress now expiring has authorized naval armaments destined to make Uncle Sam eventually the peer of any nation on earth in sea power.

In the two sessions comprising the Sixty-fourth Congress there have been authorized and appropriated for no less than 168 war craft. Nor is this all. The first session adopted a three-year building program, the construction of which should be undertaken prior to July 1, 1918. This program included this allotment of fighting ships: Ten battleships, six battle cruisers, ten scout cruisers, fifty torpedo boat destroyers, nine fleet submarines, one experimental submarine (Xoff system) three fleet ships, one repair ship, one transport, one hospital ship, two destroyer tenders, one fleet submarine tender, two ammunition ships, two gunboats.

By the act which adopted this building program, Congress appropriated for four battleships, four battle cruisers, four scout cruisers, twenty destroyers, thirty submarines and one each of these craft: Experimental submarine, fuel ship, hospital ship, ammunition ship, repair ship. During the second session provision was made for three battleships, one battle cruiser, three scout cruisers, fifteen destroyers, one destroyer tender, one submarine tender and sixty-eight submarines.

If the Sixty-fifth Congress adopts the three-year program the remainder of the units for the reorganized battle fleet will be appropriated for next year. Staggering sums have been required to meet these demands. The bill introduced in the second session of the expiring Congress alone amounting to almost a round half billion dollars.

## SPECIAL REVENUES.

So great have been these expenditures that the ordinary sources of revenue are not sufficient and a special revenue measure has had to be passed. Representative Kitchen, majority leader and chairman of the House ways and means committee, a small man, and raising the revenue measure and pressing its passage through the House charged full responsibility for the measure to the advocates of preparedness.

Increases to the regular army and its reorganization under the national defense act were less striking than the naval increases. But the regular army was increased from an authorized peace strength of 216,000 to an authorized war strength of 250,000, capable of expansion in war time to 325,000. After the war the nation for preparedness both on land and sea the consensus of the military experts was that the United States must ever rely on its fleet to defend its shores.

In the discussions that preparedness agitation in Congress provoked it was again and again demonstrated that the temper of the American people is absolutely against a big standing army. Former Secretary Garrison formulated and laid before Congress with President Wilson's approval a scheme for a continental army to be recruited and trained under the universal military training principle. Representative Hay of Virginia, then chairman of the powerful House military committee, opposed the continental army idea and substituted for it in the national defense act the federalization of the National Guard. Hay won President Wilson's ear to his way of thinking—the federalized National Guard became the backbone of the land defenses and Secretary Garrison resigned from the cabinet.

Although preparedness has been the keynote of legislation, the Sixty-fourth Congress has found time also to enact a ship purchase bill, the Adams-on eight-hour railroad law, a child labor law, a measure to forbid the immigration of illiterate aliens, a rural credits bill, a vocational education bill and an act reorganizing the government of Porto Rico and extending citizenship to the islanders.

The ship purchase bill established a government shipping board to supervise shipping matters generally. It appropriated \$50,000,000 to be obtained from the sale of Panama Canal bonds for the purchase or construction of ships to be leased to private individuals in an effort to restore the American merchant marine.

ADAMSON LAW.  
The Adamson eight-hour railroad law was enacted in the eve of the adjournment of the first session of the closing Congress. Some persons fix the date as the eve of election. The enactment of the measure prevented a nation-wide railroad strike. It, however, has never become effective. Between the time of its enactment and the time for the commencement of its operation, January 1 last, the constitutionality of the measure was challenged by the railroads, and the whole matter is now pending in the Supreme Court.

Supplemental railroad legislation, proposed by President Wilson in his annual message last December, failed of enactment. This legislation would have provided for the prevention of strikes by compulsory legislation. It was heartily opposed by all of the bodies of organized labor which had previously sought the eight-hour railroad law.

The child labor law barred from interstate commerce all products of children under 16 years of age in mines or of children under 14 in factories.

The passage of the immigration bill with its literacy test was accomplished over President Wilson's second veto. The literacy feature had been a subject of controversy between the executive and legislative branches of the government for twenty years. Presidents Taft and Cleveland both vetoed immigration measures because they carried the literacy feature, which all three Presidents thought was not a proper measure of the fitness of aliens to admission to the United States.

The federal farm loan act, commonly called the rural credits bill, created twelve federal land banks with \$750,000 capital each. The bill provides a system whereby loans may be made to farmers for productive purposes through national farm loan associations. It will meet more particularly the needs of agriculturists in the West and South.

Under the vocational educational act the federal government on a gradually increasing scale covers every State appropriation dollar for dollar for secondary school instruction in agriculture and the mechanical and industrial arts.

On the eve of adjournment Congress passed the postoffice appropriation bill, with an amendment making "bone dry" all States having prohibitory laws. This measure was introduced in the Senate in a frivolous moment by Senator Reed of Missouri. Its unexpected enactment has had the effect of absolutely prohibiting the shipment of intoxicants commerce of intoxicants into States or territories which forbid the manufacture or sale of liquor. It also closes the mails to all liquor advertising, including newspaper advertising. Neither can letters soliciting liquor orders be carried in the mails.

Many New Faces to Be Seen  
When the Senate  
Meets.

By Robert B. Smith,  
International News Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Senate of the Sixty-fourth Congress is packing up its duds today for its departure into history. Its official exit is scheduled for tomorrow and the closing hours today were marked by the customary parliamentary curling to clean up the calendar.

Sixteen Senators will discard their togas and preface their titles with "ex" after tomorrow. This disturbance of personnel will reduce, but not upset, the Democratic control of the Upper House when it comes back into session. The present Democratic majority of sixteen will be cut to twelve, leaving out of consideration such Senators and Senators-elect as La Follette, Hiram Johnson, Poindexter and Norris, officially classed as Republicans, but not always voting according to classification.

Among the nationally known Senators retiring to private life are Clarence D. Clark, of Wyoming, who has served in the Senate continuously since January 23, 1895; Moses E. Clapp, of Minnesota, one of the original progressives; Luke Lea, of Tennessee, now only thirty-seven years old, known as the "Baby Senator"; James E. Martin, of New Jersey, who acquired fame early in his senatorial career of his staunch defense of applejack as a beverage, and John W. Kern, of Indiana, the present Democratic leader of the Senate.

## CALIFORNIA SENATOR.

"Needling no introduction" among the new Senators are Hiram Johnson of California; Frank B. Kellogg, "trust buster" of Minnesota, and Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania. The new Senators-elect, all of whom are to "live up to 'em," all they need to do is to "live up to 'em."

In the Senate, under the present makeup, there are 55 Democrats and 40 Republicans. When the new Senators are sworn in the Democrats will have 64 and the Republicans 42.

Here is the list of the retiring senators and their successors and the politics of each:

John D. Works (Rep.); Hiram Johnson (Rep.); California.

Henry A. Du Pont (Rep.); Josiah O. Wolcott (Dem.); Delaware.

Nathan P. Bryan (Dem.); Park Trammell (Dem.); Florida.

John W. Kern (Dem.); Harry S. New (Rep.); Indiana.

Charles F. Johnson (Dem.); Frederick Hale (Rep.); Maine.

Blair Lee (Dem.); Joseph I. France (Rep.); Maryland.

Moses E. Clapp (Rep.); Frank B. Kellogg (Rep.); Minnesota.

James E. Martin (Dem.); Joseph S. Frelinghuysen (Rep.); New Jersey.

Thomas B. Catron (Rep.); Andrieus A. Jones (Dem.); New Mexico.

James A. O'Gorman (Dem.); William M. Calder (Rep.); New York.

George T. Oliver (Rep.); Philander C. Knox (Rep.); Pennsylvania.

Henry F. Lippitt (Rep.); Peter G. Gerry (Dem.); Rhode Island.

Luke Lea (Dem.); Kenneth D. McKellar (Dem.); Tennessee.

George Sutherland (Rep.); William H. King (Dem.); Utah.

William B. Chilton (Dem.); Howard Sutherland (Rep.); West Virginia.

Clarence D. Clark (Rep.); John B. Kendrick (Dem.); Wyoming.

## SUCCEED SELVES.

Senators whose terms expire today, but who were elected to succeed themselves, are Henry F. Ashurst (Dem.) of Arizona, Charles A. Culberson (Dem.) of Texas, George M. Hitchcock (Dem.) of Nebraska, Robert M. La Follette (Rep.) of Wisconsin, Henry Cabot Lodge (Rep.) of Massachusetts, Porter J. McCumber (Rep.) of North Dakota, George P. McLean (Rep.) of Connecticut, Henry L. Myers (Dem.) of Montana, Carroll S. Page (Rep.) of Vermont, Key Pittman (Dem.) of Nevada, Miles Poindexter (Rep.) of Washington, Alton Pomerene (Dem.) of Ohio, James A. Reed (Dem.) of Missouri, Claude A. Swanson (Dem.) of Virginia, Charles H. Townsend (Rep.) of Michigan, and John Sharp Williams (Dem.) of Mississippi.

The expiring Senate was frequently occupied as the council associated with the president in the final determination of international obligations. Among the treaties it ratified were the Danish agreement providing for purchase of the Danish West Indian islands for \$25,000,000, the Nicaraguan treaty, providing payment of \$3,000,000 to Nicaragua for canal and naval rights in Central America, and the Haitian treaty, providing a American protectorate over the "black republic."

Perhaps the most important event in this relation, however, was President Wilson's appearance before the Senate in advocacy of a world league to enforce peace on January 22 of the year. Century-old Senate precedents were shattered by this event.

Discussion of the submarine crisis and the Mexican situation occupied much of the Senate's time. Resolutions endorsing the President's Mexican policy, his peace move and his severance of diplomatic relations with Germany were adopted at different times during the past two years over stubborn opposition.

Another of the Senate's most noteworthy acts was the confirmation of Louis D. Brandeis as associate justice of the United States Supreme Court, after several months' vigorous resistance on the part of the Republicans.

## ARMY TRAINING BILL DEBATED

Lively Arguments for and  
Against Proposition Heard  
by Solons.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS  
LEASING WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

SACRAMENTO, March 3.—Compulsory military training in high schools was alternately supported and condemned last night at a public hearing of the assembly committee on military affairs which has under consideration several measures aiming to establish such a system. Opponents of the bills believe that a course of physical training should be substituted for the compulsory features of military exercises, which they thought ultimately might lead to a spirit of militarism in the schools.

One of the strongest supporters of the compulsory military training feature was Professor John P. Engle of Auburn, principal of the Placer Union High School, which he said adopted the system seven years ago and had produced excellent results. Adjutant General J. J. Horree, of the California National Guard, advised that some sort of compulsory training be instituted, but he was not committed to the military features. Mrs. Sara A. Duns, state president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and Mrs. Hester T. Griffith of Los Angeles, representing the same organization in Southern California, were among several women who spoke against the bills.

## PREPAREDNESS FAVORED.

Joseph Murphy, legislative agent for the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced that the members of his organization were convinced of the necessity for military preparedness and that he saw no harm in teaching high school students the rudiments of soldiery.

W. C. Allen of San Jose, representing various Protestant churches, and Robert C. Root of San Francisco, secretary of the Pacific Coast Branch of the American Peace Society, spoke against the bills.

## ASKS ARMS INVENTORY.

Governor Johnson is in receipt of the communication from Assemblyman George C. Watson of Los Angeles, referred to earlier in the week, asking him to call a special conference on military conditions in California.

The Assemblyman asks that the executive include in this proposed joint conference the Military Affairs Committee of the Senate and the Assembly, together with Adjutant-General Borree and the members of the Board of Control.

## Fight Is Started on Market Director

SACRAMENTO, March 3.—A resolution petitioning the Legislature to discontinue two bills now before the Senate enlarging the powers of the state market director, because it is alleged that the director is not in sympathy with the purposes of the bill, was presented in the Senate by Brown of Los Angeles at the request of the Citizens' Committee of Berkeley.

## A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Advt.

## COMMITTEES CLEAR UP MUCH WORK

Week's Activities in the State  
Legislature Show Big  
Program.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS  
LEASING WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

SACRAMENTO, March 2.—Senate leaders viewed with satisfaction today the efforts of members of the upper House to speed up their work both in committees and on the floor. When adjournment was taken at 1 o'clock this afternoon until Monday morning a review of the week's accomplishments showed that virtually every committee had turned out a large amount of work and in addition more than fifty bills had been passed. Senator F. H. Benson of San Jose, floor leader of the Senate, said that the present rate of industry the upper house could easily dispose of its business and be ready for final adjournment in five weeks.

The day's session was productive of a bill over the passage of the Sacramento county government act, which reduces salaries and fees to the extent of about \$50,000 a year. Inman of Sacramento, author of the bill, urged that it be passed and engaged in a warm debate over its salary reductions with Senator W. S. Scott of San Francisco. The bill passed 26 to 3. Scott opposed it because, he said, he did not believe in the principle of salary reductions. The measure, Inman asserted, had the support of Sacramento county's taxpayers, who agreed in public meetings that their officers were too expensive.

The days volume of business was represented by nine bills and a number of others advanced for action next week.

## Further Strike Called in Great Falls Plant

GREAT FALLS, Minn., March 3.—Although progress reported last night by the arbitration committee which is endeavoring to settle the labor dispute here, the Employers' Association announced that all iron workers would be laid off tomorrow. Grocery clerks, lumber yard and building trades workmen and employees of two large hotels already have been locked out because of a boycott declared by the Central Labor Council against a local flour mill. Discharge of the iron workers, it was announced last night, would complete the lockout program of the Employers' Association.

Plans for settling the dispute agreed to by the employers will be submitted to the cereal workers tomorrow and another meeting of the arbitration committee will be held Monday night when it is hoped a final settlement will be reached.

## Thaw Should Face Trial, Says Alienist

NEW YORK, March 3.—Dr. Menas S. Gregory has made a preliminary report to District Attorney Seaman on behalf of the three alienists sent from New York to Philadelphia to examine Harry K. Thaw, preparatory to the beginning of the proceedings to extradite him to this city to stand trial on indictments charging him with attacking a Kansas City youth in Thaw's rooms here. Dr. Gregory said there is no reason, either mental or physical, why Thaw should not be brought to New York for trial.

He added that Thaw is still a little dazed as the result of his attempt on his own life, but that he is able to travel and to understand all that is going on around him.



## this can cut table costs

in more than a million  
homes in the West.  
Yours should be  
among them.

You'll find a "rounded"  
spoon of Ghirardelli's  
Ground Chocolate is equal  
in chocolate strength to the  
"heaping" spoon of others.

A cup of Ghirardelli's for  
breakfast will do more than  
please the taste—it nour-  
ishes—enables you to do  
away with more expensive  
foods.

Tomorrow try a sensible  
breakfast—a cup of

# Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate

Since 1852 D. GHIRARDELLI CO. San Francisco



JUST PUSH THE BUTTON

Just Press  
the Button



## HOME BUILDERS'

For heating residences the Rector System is ideal. It permits of maintaining any temperature desired throughout the home, or different temperatures in different rooms.

It requires practically no attention. By merely pushing a button, it is in operation and if thermostat control be installed, it automatically takes care of itself.

From a health standpoint, the Rector System should be installed in every home. The ventilating feature insures an atmosphere free from dust or odor and results in a continual changing of the air in the room.

You cannot fail to be interested in a heating system which burns up the foul air and replaces it with pure, fresh air from out of doors. It does away with the necessity of being obliged to kindle up a furnace. Why operate a whole plant and transmission system to get a little heat at a desired location? The Rector System gives you heat only when and where you want it.

## Just Press a Button

A residence equipped with the Rector Gas Heating System means economy for the owner, health for the inmates and leisure for the housekeeper.

Free estimate given on any building.

Rector  
System  
Gas  
Heating  
Co.  
429 Sutter St,  
San Francisco

Telephone  
Sutter  
2391

**MOTHER'S**  
Home-Made  
**COOKIES**  
ALWAYS  
FRESH  
ASK YOUR  
GROCER  
Twelve  
for  
10 Cents

Grand Opening Picnic  
OF  
Shellmound Park  
SUNDAY, MARCH 4, 1917.  
Admission 50c; Ladies and Children  
Free.  
Prize Shooting—Bowling—Concert—  
Dancing.

# Oakland Tribune

FOUNDED BY WM. E. DARGIE IN 1853.  
Member American Newspaper Publishers' Association.  
Charter Member, Audit Bureau of Circulation.  
Exclusive Complete Associated Press Service for Greater Oakland.  
Full United Press Service.  
International News Service.  
Pacific News Service.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY, PUBLISHERS  
JOSE R. KNOX, President and Publisher  
JOHN R. BURTON, Vice-President  
R. A. FORSTER, Secretary and General Manager  
TRIBUNE every evening and Sunday morning. Single copies: Daily Edition, 2c; Sunday Edition, 5c. Back numbers, 5c per copy and upward.

Subscription Rates by Carrier.  
One month (in advance) \$2.00  
Three months (in advance) \$5.00  
One year (in advance) \$18.00  
Subscription Rates by Mail, Postpaid:  
United States, Mexico and Canada.  
One month \$2.00 One month \$2.00  
Six months \$10.00 Three months \$5.00  
SUNDAY EDITION BY MAIL  
Three months \$5.00 Six months \$10.00  
Twelve months \$18.00

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE RATES: 12 to 16 pages, 1c; 18 to 22 pages, 2c; 24 to 48 pages, 3c; 50 to 92 pages, 4c; Foreign postage, double rates.

PUBLICATION OFFICE—TRIBUNE building, corner of Eighth and Franklin streets, phone Lakeland 6000.  
A file of THE TRIBUNE can be secured at the office of Messrs. E. and J. Hardy & Co., 20-21-22 Fleet street, or Davis Steamship Agency, 17 Green street, Charing Cross, London; Albert Peters, No. 6 Unter den Linden, Berlin.  
MANAGER FOREIGN ADVERTISING—Williams, Lawrence & Cresmer Co., New York—Brunswick Bldg., Fifth Ave. and Twenty-sixth street, Chicago—Harris Trust Bldg., Will T. Cresmer, representative.

Entered as second-class matter February 21, 1908, at the Post-office of Oakland, Cal., under act of Congress March 3, 1879.  
TO SUBSCRIBERS:  
Subscribers failing to receive their paper within a reasonable hour after publication will please report the same to THE TRIBUNE Office by telephone, and a special messenger will be dispatched with a copy of THE TRIBUNE at once.

SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1917.

## ARMED NEUTRALITY.

The Congress of Paris, on April 16, 1856, adopted the following four solemn declarations:  
Privateering is, and remains, abolished.

The neutral flag covers enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband of war.

Neutral goods, with the exception of contraband of war, are not liable to capture under an enemy's flag.

Blockades, in order to be binding, must be effective; that is to say, maintained by a force sufficient really to prevent access to the coast of the enemy.

Russia, Turkey and all the governments of Europe, North America and South America, acceded to these principles with the exception of Uruguay, Spain and Mexico, and these countries rejected only the first—abolishing privateering.

"Armed neutrality" justifies resort to any means to exact the benefits of these rules, together with the rule, universally recognized before the present war began, that adequate provision for the safety of non-combatant lives on either enemy or neutral merchant ships must be provided for.

## THE NEXT CONGRESS.

Were it not for the fact that partisan interests are so completely overshadowed by affairs of deeper significance, there would be much consideration at this time of the probable lineup of the next Congress. The prospect of an extra session lends a peculiar interest to the strictly political situation, despite the international crisis. If Congress is convened in special session much time is certain to be consumed in organization, more than usual because of the equal strength of the leading two political parties in the House.

Present figures of definitely known political classifications give the Republicans and Democrats a strength of 217 members each. Republicans now claim with apparent certainty that Representative Whitnell Hugh Martin of Tibodaux, Louisiana, will vote with them when the Sixty-fifth Congress is organized. This will give them 218 votes, or a majority of 1. The other "uncertainties" are Randall of California and London of New York. The latter is a Socialist and it is granted that he may align himself with the Democrats, although it is impossible to see how such a course can be reconciled with the opposition of his party to increases which the administration has made to the military and naval defenses.

Considerable doubt exists as to how Mr. Randall of Los Angeles will conduct himself, since the collapse of his plan to organize the independents into a balance of power in the House. Mr. Randall was elected to the Sixty-fourth Congress as a Prohibitionist, but now classes himself as an independent. He has never been a Democrat, always a Republican or Progressive, and last fall was elected as a Republican, his district being Republican by 25,000. Moreover his constituency is vitally interested in the protection of the citrus products against the competition of foreign growers, certain to be severe after the war ends. All this would logically justify the expectation that Mr. Randall would line up with the Republicans, but the leaders of the party in Congress are not so sure that he will do so.

The alignment of Representative Martin with the Republicans will cause considerable chagrin to the Democrats if it gives the Speakership to the Republicans. He is classified as a Progressive-Protectionist. In the biographical sketch in the Congressional directory, written by himself, Mr. Martin makes this interesting statement:

"In 1912, Judge Martin was alternate delegate to the Baltimore convention that nominated President Woodrow Wilson, and was an ardent supporter of Wilson, but when the Underwood tariff bill placing sugar on the free list was passed, materially reducing the duty upon other products of Louisiana, believing that the Democratic party had violated its traditions and platform pledges, and being of the opinion that a free-trade policy would be ruinous to the interests of Louisiana, he left the Democratic party and joined the Progressive party. He was nominated by the convention as the Progressive candidate for Congress and defeated his Democratic opponent by 1426 votes, being the first non-Democratic Congressman to be sent from Louisiana in over twenty-five years."

Mr. Martin's party alignment in the next Congress will probably be decided by the extent to which Republican leaders are willing to grant him

recognition in the committee organization. A place on the important ways and means committee, in which the revenue and tariff measures are formulated, would be quite attractive to him.

At any rate the chances of the next House being Republican, have perceptibly brightened during the last few weeks.

## THE PROBLEM IN THE HOME.

In all the agitation over the high cost of living one feature of reducing the burden of living is noteworthy on account of its absence from all the proposed plans of "relief." Housewives and husbands, bachelors and debutantes; persons of all kinds of employment, from wage-earner to employer, have busied themselves to discover external reasons for the increase in foodstuffs, but none, so far as is publicly known, has seriously considered the economic importance of simplicity in eating. Charges have been hurled at the producer, the distributor, the retailer; the market gambler and the transportation companies; the export trade business and governmental policies. But has a proper amount of consideration been given to the individual home problem of cutting down consumption?

This question certainly will arouse many querulous protests. The American people are favorably inclined to the well-known political gospel, "A man must eat." The very poor will cry, doubtless with perfect justification, as they always have done, that they are not getting enough as it is and there is no margin for reduction. The man who works with his hands will inquire, "What do you think a working man can live on?" and his question will not be answered. And, the man with credit and the man of large income will say that they can manage somehow, so long as they can get the food, regardless of its price.

But greater simplicity, stricter economy, is possible in at least 90 percent of the homes. It is possible, without great hardship, to reduce the present living cost of this 90 percent by one-half. That would mean a decrease of food consumption cost for the entire country by \$500,000,000 a month. If such a reduction in consumption could be effected, artificial high prices could not long be sustained. Lack of organization among the consumers makes such a reduction, of course, out of the question, but it may suggest to the individual an effective method for tackling his food problem.

A new order issued by the French government for the control of food consumption, effective from February 15th, contains some useful hints about menus. It is for the regulation of restaurants only, but the saving through limiting the consumption of those who dine out is enormous. Only two courses, one only being meat, may be served at any meal. In addition to the "regular courses" may be served a soup or hors d'oeuvre, a cheese and a dessert of fruit, jam or stewed fruit. In order to reduce the consumption of flour, milk, eggs and sugars, puddings and pies are prohibited. No restaurant menu for any meal may contain more than nine items.

As a suggestion to those who have cultivated superfatfastidiousness in their eating, and have come to believe that only certain favorite dishes can adequately sustain them, a menu of a Christmas dinner served in the Restaurant Voisin in Paris in 1870, may be valuable. This was the ninety-ninth day of the German siege and the government zoo was ravaged to furnish the table. It contained: Butter (very old and rancid), donkey's head stuffed, red bean soup with crusts, elephant consommé, fried perch, roast camel, jugged kangaroo, roast ribs of bear with pepper sauce, haunch of wolf, cats and rats, cress salad, potted antelope with truffles, mushrooms, peas, rice with jam, gruyere cheese. This dinner, served in payment of a bet of \$1000 made two months before, was for twelve people and cost \$500.

Of course the people of the United States have no such souvenirs as the French to cause them to view reduction in variety of food with equanimity, even if it entails only the most trifling hardships. But the number of consumers is so great that only a slight curtailment by the individual would cause food prices to tumble in confusion. The politician's slogan might be changed to "Man does not have to eat it all."

Dr. David Starr Jordan, chancellor of Stanford University, writes: "I do not believe that universities have any relation to the military side of national defense beyond their general obligation to ascertain and make known the truth." There is another view on this subject. It holds that the legitimate goal of universities is to turn out straight-thinking citizens, willing and qualified to assume their acknowledged civic duties. Defense of the nation against unwarranted aggression is the first duty of a citizen, and a university has not attained its goal unless its students are prepared to discharge that duty adequately when emergency summons them.

The House of Representatives amended the bill proposing to give a pension of \$100 a month to the widow of Major-General Funston so that it provides for only \$50. The House willingly voted an appropriation of \$400,000 to investigate the reasons for the high cost of living. That it knows little about present living conditions is fully demonstrated by its recorded belief that \$50 a month is sufficient for the support of the widow and children in the degree of comfort the country expects the widow of a soldier who gave a life of valuable service to enjoy.

The term in Congress of Representative Benedict of Los Angeles expires today. One of his last official acts was to vote against granting the President authority to use proper means to protect the nation's honor and to preserve its vital interests. In this he voted with a lonely company of twelve.

## NOTES and COMMENT

Human nature described in three lines by the Stockton Mail: "We cried for rain and got it, but as usual we wanted to measure ourselves."

The postmaster of Salinas has been indicted for soliciting Democratic campaign funds. Evidently he had on old-time idea of what he is there for.

Supervisor Wolfe of San Francisco is reported in a Sacramento despatch to be "watching legislation." To watch it and not to do it must be a different sensation.

Some explanation is now afforded of the hitherto inexplicable things that have happened in Mexico. In addition to their natural proclivities, the Mexicans have been "strung."

This seems to be a fact. It is from the Stockton Mail: "Fighting for the freedom of the seas" among other things, is a sort of paradox. The seas were entirely free until the fighting began."

The police judges of San Francisco refuse to congest the jails with the women rounded up in the vice crusade, which is likely to be construed as a malign purpose to neutralize the efforts of good people.

Fourteen bills were passed in the Legislature Thursday. Tidings of comfort and joy! At this rate most of the 2400 that were introduced in the open season for bills will fail of passage in the clean-up.

News from Stockton is to the effect that the women there have decided to declare a boycott on potatoes, but that they find onions in plenty for practical purposes. What are an onion's practical purposes in Stockton?

Senator Kehoe's bill, which would permit juries to consider mitigating circumstances in capital cases, has been defeated, so that all that remains for juries to do is to go ahead and consider them, just as they always have done.

The Senate has acted favorably upon Struckenebeck's bill to withdraw the protecting arm of the law from yellowhammers and rabbits. It is a very important measure and its ultimate fate is vastly important—to the birds and rodents.

The Detroit Free Press gives full particulars: "Mr. Simon Loewenstein, of Mt. Clemens, announces the engagement of his daughter, Anna J., to Bernard E. Auspach of Detroit. The proceeds will be devoted to patriotic purposes."

Portugal has put back the clock an hour, thus falling in with the world effort to speed up things. It never has been plain just how this is going to do it, but the movement is so widespread that somebody must have figured it out.

If a State can be a ghoul, the four which are fighting for the right to collect the \$6,000,000 inheritance tax from the Hettie Green estate are entitled to that distinction. Human nature is not always an individual trait, it would seem.

A woman statistician has determined that men's feet are not as normal as women's. She found that 2280 male feet disclosed 2490 abnormalities, and 2230 women feet only 1235. Some statistics; but what are we going to do with them now we have them?

The heavy going for the Fish and Game Commission suggests that it has become top-heavy. The many laws to regulate those who would shoot and fish, and efforts to enact freak laws to preserve or destroy certain birds and animals, indicate a strained comprehension of the province of such a body.

Newspaper ethics of the minor press, on the authority of the Marysville Appeal: "One thing about a small city newspaper, it never says a man got fired. It always is 'resigned his position.' Nobody gets 'canned' in a small city or town. And although a young man may have been running after a job for six weeks we always write that he has 'accepted a position.'"

Porcine essay from the Colusa Sun: "Hogs have gone up," says a despatch from Sioux City, Ia. Now that is of more importance than you would imagine. Now pause and think what a hog means from beginning to end. There is the head, and the jaw, and the brains, spars-ribs and back bones and some meat. It is a good business to raise the hog. He eats a great deal, but there is no waste in his culture, for you can sell his hair."

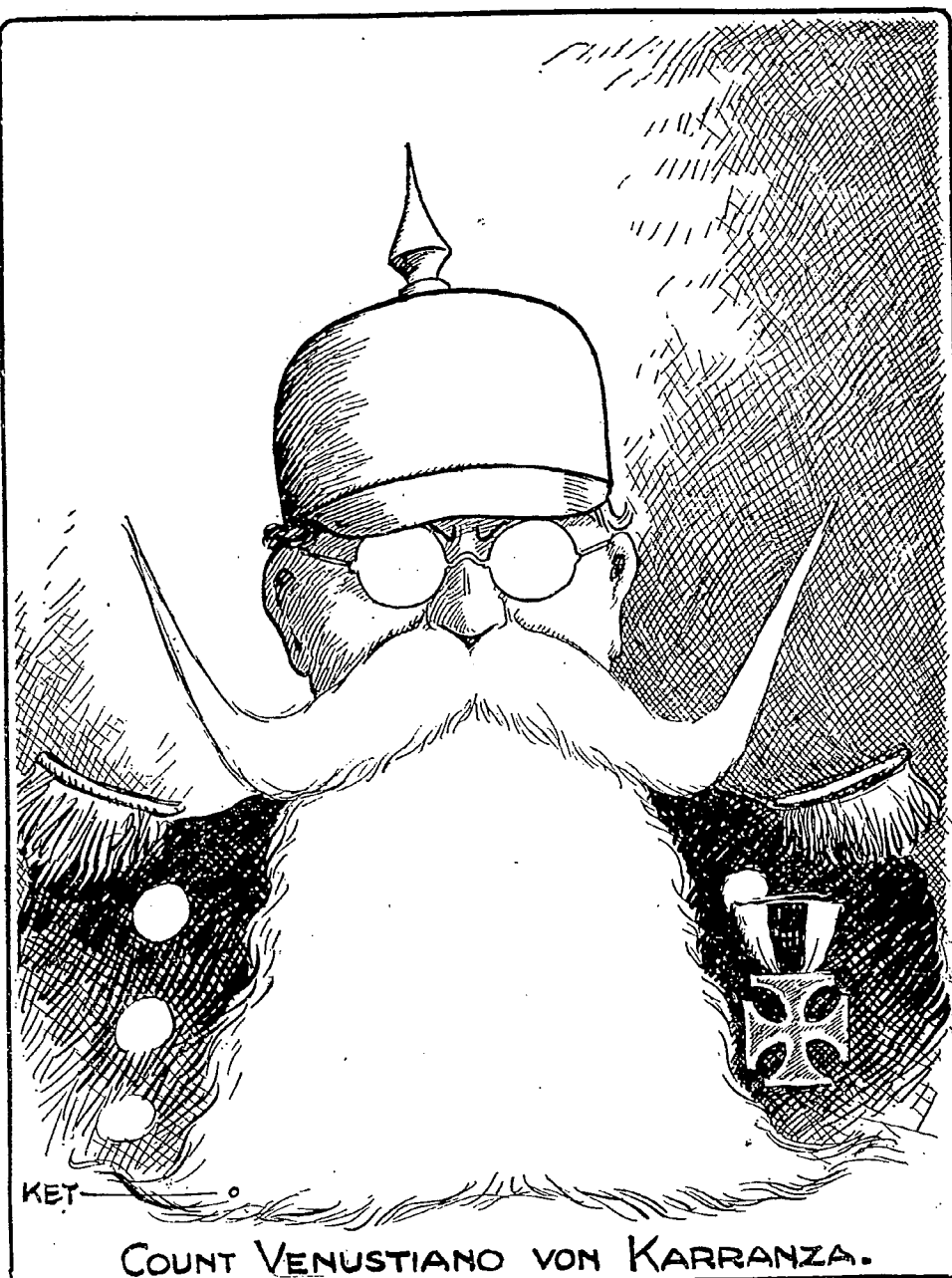
## SPIRIT OF THE STATE PRESS

Oroville papers take a "crack" at Sheriff Charles J. McCoy of Yuba county because he advanced the theory that J. G. Cullum may have shot himself. Butte county papers need never "kiss" the sheriff of any other county as long as Butte county has Sheriff W. R. Eddle. We will compare Sheriff McCoy's record with that of the Butte sheriff for the last year or two and will abide by the result.—Marysville Appeal.

While we are haggling over whether we shall or shall not have military training, the Boy Scouts of America are going ahead learning to do the useful things men and boys like to do, learning to protect themselves, learning to be useful in emergencies, to give service wherever it is needed—a pretty good sort of training for the civilian youth for any condition of life that he may meet.—Stockton Mail.

The Cambria Courier reports that dairymen over on the coast have recently received as much as 47 1/2 cents per pound for butter fat and that the cheese factories have received as much as 30 cents per pound for cheese in Los Angeles. A San Jose firm recently bought two carloads of beef steers for 8 1/2 cents per pound on the hoof. Butter fat in this county has not fallen below 24 cents for several years, according to the Courier.—Atascadero News.

## IF MEXICO AGREED TO THE ZIMMERMANN NOTE!



## MOUNTAIN LAUREL

People hereabout will agree with the Federation of Women's Clubs of the District of Columbia that the mountain laurel would make an appropriate national flower. A delegation from the federation has been urging the laurel before a committee of the House. Only one other flower seems to have much of a chance to become the country's emblem and that is goldenrod. Fortunately western Pennsylvanians are familiar with both and the general use of the motor car makes it possible for one to plunge among the aromatic laurel when summer comes and flee the sneezefest of the country's emblem. The incident is worth referring to as an indication that farmers have not been denied the credit to which they were entitled. The east lost \$40,000,000 through one farm loan institution a generation ago. Now it is the turn of the Treasury to make two mortgages grow where one is enough. There is no basis for the belief that farm borrowers in good credit are not accommodated on reasonable terms. There are four billions of farm mortgages now. The best of them will remain where they are, for they are satisfactory to both borrowers and lenders. It is only second-class borrowers who will ask accommodations from the Washington bank. No doubt they will take all the \$6,000,000 of public deposits which the law allows the Treasury to make in the institutions whose stock it is obligated to take. It is purely a labor of love on the part of the Treasury, the farmers' true friend around election time, for the Treasury can take no profits from its benevolence. Mr. Herrick has calculated that, if the capital had been subscribed privately in full, the shareholders would be blessed with a 16 per cent dividend. Why does such a gold mine go begging? There never has been a stronger demand for farm

## WOMEN IN OFFICE.

Mrs. Josephine Corliss Preston was re-elected state superintendent of public instruction in Washington by a majority of 50,000, while her party was defeated. Five states now have women state superintendents of public instruction—Colorado, Mrs. Mary C. C. Bradford, who was elected for the third term and by a majority of 30,000; Idaho, Miss Ethel E. Redfield; Montana, Miss Mae Trummer; Washington, Mrs. Preston; Wyoming, Miss Edith K. O. Clark.

## SIDING WITH RIGHT.

Being an American citizen in a time of emergency seems to have appealed to a large number of strangers within our midst as a distinct advantage.—Indianapolis News.

## UNPATRIOTIC.

The Bryan slogan seems to be America last, least and, if possible, none of the time.—Springfield Union.

## MISTER "MURPHY."

I've patronized some famous inns Where vintners rich and rare Were served in great profusion on The costly silverware. But yesterday I dined at one—Egad! they pulled my leg: Five dollars for a dish of spuds Garnished with half an egg.

The soft shell crabs, the lobsters and The oysters are not in The class with Mister "Murphy," none! Who peels your weasel thin. Though heretofore he has refused To take the top notch peg: Five dollars for a dish of spuds Garnished with half an egg.

Yep! Mister "Murphy," 's not a bear In form or countenance, Though lowly once he rises now To rich significance, Champagne and rare madeira Are on a lower peg: Five dollars for a dish of spuds Garnished with half an egg.

You cannot down an Irishman No matter how you try; He always lights to top the heap— And now he's king pin high. So, Mister "Murphy," take your place To pull the patient leg:

Five dollars for a dish of spuds Garnished with half an egg.—Horace Seymour Keller, in New York Sun.

## THE FARM LOAN BANK

Two current items of news gain significance when read together. Fifty thousand farmers have applied for \$150,000,000 of mortgage loans, but only \$130,000 has been subscribed for 26,000 shares of the Federal Land Bank. That leaves the Treasury to supply the rest of the bank's capital of \$9,000,000. As the quality of the applications for loans is not known, it cannot be said what sort of loans will be made from the national funds. In the farm loan craze of 1893 the list of the bankrupt farm loan companies was a depressing exhibit. The statutory precautions against a repetition of the experience would seem to be sufficient, yet there were statutes also in 1893.

The incident is worth referring to as an indication that farmers have not been denied the credit to which they were entitled. The east lost \$40,000,000 through one farm loan institution a generation ago. Now it is the turn of the Treasury to make two mortgages grow where one is enough. There is no basis for the belief that farm borrowers in good credit are not accommodated on reasonable terms. There are four billions of farm mortgages now. The best of them will remain where they are, for they are satisfactory to both borrowers and lenders. It is only second-class borrowers who will ask accommodations from the Washington bank. No doubt they will take all the \$6,000,000 of public deposits which the law allows the Treasury to make in the institutions whose stock it is obligated to take. It is purely a labor of love on the part of the Treasury, the farmers' true friend around election time, for the Treasury can take no profits from its benevolence. Mr. Herrick has calculated that, if the capital had been subscribed privately in full, the shareholders would be blessed with a 16 per cent dividend. Why does such a gold mine go begging? There never has been a stronger demand for farm

where the farmers' need is greatest the bill is less esteemed than further from there. Much praise of the bill has been printed here, where none of the money will help anybody. At the other edge of the continent the Los Angeles Times remarks, under its own headline, "The Victorious Farm Loan Act," that "there is not one feature of the Federal farm loan act that is worthy of praise. . . . The measure should be repealed at once." Coming from a state which elected the President, and which cast an even larger Progressive vote than for him, that is the extreme of heartlessness. Now that the plunge has been taken, and the venture must be seen through, it is better policy to take precautions against the worst and hope for the best.—New York Times.

## TODAY 20 YEARS AGO

The original appropriation for Oakland harbor improvements amounting to \$650,000 has been again incorporated in the sundry civil bill.

The promoters of the scheme to bring the state fair to Oakland have given up the fight this time and have gracefully withdrawn from the arena.

West Oakland is preparing to celebrate the acquisition of a new park. There will be a mass meeting of the Commerce street property owners to-night to discuss the contest which will be made against paying the assessments levied by the street department.

## KEEPS CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

The Delaware senate has passed Senator Hickman's bill giving the state courts the authority to impose a sentence of less than forty lashes in cases of highway robbery. Under the present law it is mandatory upon the courts to impose a sentence of forty lashes in all such convictions. It is not likely that the present session of the legislature will abolish the whipping post, as Representative Downward's bill to that effect was reported unfavorably by the house committee on crimes and punishment, and the committee was unanimous in making the report.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

## FALL IN, MEN!

There are 4,778,000 unmarried men fit for army duty in this country—to say nothing of quite a few married men who would be pleased to go.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## THE JESTER

Talk That Isn't Cheap. Client—You have an item in your bill, "Advice, February 8, 5c." That was the day before I retained you.

Lawyer—I know it. But don't you remember on the 5th I told you you'd better let me take the case for you?

Client—Yes. Lawyer—Well, that's the advice.—Boston Transcript.

Vain Words. Casey had been married only a week when he discovered that his wife, who had assumed control of the household and harder, was inclined to be stingy.

He had been working in his small garden one afternoon when wife came to the back door and called out in strident tones: "Terrence, come in to say, say, and foive eggs!"

Terrence dropped his spade in astonishment and ran into the kitchen. "Sure, ye're only kiddin' me," he said. "No, Terrence," said the wife; "it's not ye; it's the neighbors I'm kiddin'."—Everybody's Magazine.

Too Tender-Hearted. "I understand that your daughter is going to take music lessons."

"Not exactly," replied Farmer Cornassel. "We haven't the heart to tell her that her voice sounds terrible, so we're going to hire a regular teacher to do it."—Washington Star.

## Cheap Protection.

"We should have lots of aeroplanes 'To guard our coast," said Brent. "Just think how very cheap they are. They make them for ascent."—Boston Transcript.

## 'REDUCE COST OF FOOD' TO BE DEMAND

Supervisors and Mayor to See  
Demonstrations; Opening of  
Warehouses and the Sale of  
Supplies by City Is Asked

Parade on the Streets to Be a  
Feature of Movement; Lead-  
ers Complete Plan for Gen-  
eral H. C. L. Protest Monday

Public demand upon the Board of Supervisors for action tending to reduce the cost of foodstuffs in Alameda county is to be made next Monday morning by a citizens' committee composed of eighteen men and women representing the principal civic and improvement clubs of Oakland. The demonstration is being arranged by Mrs. H. J. Platts of 3947 Park boulevard and is meeting with the enthusiastic response of the organizations. This action will be in addition to a similar demonstration planned by the women of the Piedmont Guild, who have also arranged for a visit before the county fair.

Mrs. W. T. Cleverdon of Berkeley, who has been actively engaged with the citizens' committee of Berkeley for weeks past in the agitation for relief of food conditions, was to have organized the demonstration. But she is at present working in Sacramento in an attempt to have removal legislation passed through the Assembly and Senate, providing not only for monetary relief but for a revision of market conditions and the establishment of state regulated markets.

A statewide movement to force a reduction in food prices through demonstrations in demand for municipal action has been launched by the Housewives' League of California and the demonstrations are planned for Wednesday afternoon. In Los Angeles a mass meeting of women is to be held on Tuesday morning in Blanchard Hall for the arrangement of the details of the parade in that city. As at present planned, the demonstration will begin with a mass meeting and culminate in an automobile parade to the City Hall where Mayor Woodman will be asked to lower the cost of foodstuffs by opening the warehouses and selling food by municipal order.

TO DEMAND ACTION.  
According to the plan, the demonstration, this public demand will constitute the authority for the mayor to confiscate the food supplies. The law governing such cases, they say, stipulates that this can be done by an order after some riot or other demonstration. They intend to provide the necessary demonstration.

County Assessor Charles F. Horner received official notice this morning from R. E. Collins, chairman of the State Board of Equalization, that the county has been ordered to assist the assessors in the amount of foodstuffs in storage. Attention is called to a Supreme Court decision which gives the assessors authority to obtain the information. In the case of *Wade vs. Holtz*, 55 Cal. 106, the decision declared:

"It is the duty of warehousemen and others having control and custody of property belonging to others, to furnish the assessor with a detailed statement of all the property in their possession."

In Alameda county this work of investigation has been in progress for several days by the deputies of Assessor Horner and J. S. Furtado, county assessor of weights and measures. Thus far, there has been no evidence secured of the storage of food in large quantities. On the other hand, the warehouses are reported to be in an unusually depleted condition for this time of the year. This is in part due to the excessive demands of the season and in part to the fact that the local merchants depend largely upon San Francisco commission men for their supplies.

In San Francisco the supervisory committee is busy at work. The action of the situation there, which has excited the most comment is the continued shipment of foodstuffs to the East, while local prices are soaring. The investigators found that three carloads of onions were shipped yesterday and that six more are going today if the cars are available.

SCORES SPECULATORS.  
Supervisor Nolan has issued a public statement in which he exonerates speculators in foodstuffs. "There is no doubt," he says, "that there is some shortage in foodstuffs here, but I deny that it is as great as has been stated. W. R. Larzelere, president of the Commission Men's Association, made the argument before the Board of Supervisors that shortage and demand had caused the high price of potatoes. A city official in conversation with the same Mr. Larzelere, who told that his firm had made a profit of between \$75,000 and \$100,000 in handling potatoes, and that the commission men had not made \$5,000 was a 'piker'."

"That more foodstuffs may be expected from Australia in consequence of a partial lifting of the embargo is the cheering news that comes from Honolulu. The Oceanic Steamship Company's vessel, *Yankee*, arrived there yesterday with a consignment of 700 quarters of fresh beef for the United States quartermaster's department.

A few years ago large shipments of fresh meats were made from Australia to San Francisco, but the local officials here interfered and market prices ceased to come. Then came the Australian embargo, which has now been partially removed. A cargo of onions is at present en route to San Francisco from the antipodes.

## Aged Man Struck by Train; Is Killed

Hit by a Southern Pacific train last night at Thirty-fourth street and North avenue, the father of Morris Behan, San Francisco sergeant of police, incurred injuries which later resulted in his death. Behan was hit at 11:15 and died at 11:45. His side was crushed, both arms were fractured, a deep scalp wound was cut on his forehead and numerous contusions existed.

## CHINESE TELL OF TORTURE BY VILLA BANDITS

Refugees at Quarantine  
Station Give Details  
of Horrors

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Tales of how Chinese are brutally slaughtered in Mexico by Villa's bandits were told today by five Chinamen who are held at Angel Island, awaiting deportation to their native land. The Orientals followed General Pershing's expedition out of Mexico.

Kong Chee Low, the youngest of the five, pointed to stumps of his left hand as a proof of his personal encounter with the bandits. His right arm is paralyzed also as a result of the Mexican raid on a ranch on which he was living last July. He told how he had seen Villa's agents kill eight members of his family, tying horses to the arms and legs of each Chinese and then driving the horses apart.

## SPERRY HOME IS WRECKED BY FIRE

Family Flees in Night Attire as  
Firemen Battle With  
Blaze.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Fire early today destroyed the country home of George Sperry, head of the Sperry Flour Company, at White Oaks, exclusive suburb of Redwood City. Sperry and Mrs. Sperry fled the dwelling in their night clothes and took refuge in the servants' quarters in the rear. The Redwood City fire department responded, but was helpless owing to the absence of hydrants. The fire was discovered by a Southern Pacific gatekeeper, who aroused the occupants. The loss is estimated at \$25,000, including a library and several valuable paintings. Defective wiring is believed to have caused the blaze.

## What Is Doing TONIGHT

Pythanean fete, Harmon Gymnasium, U. of C.  
Rattlers' Club gives costume ball, Esplanade clubhouse, Alameda, evening.  
Orpheum-Haruk Onuka and vaudeville.  
Pantages—Wirth Family and vaudeville.  
Bishop—Forty-five Minutes from Broadway.  
Columbia—Twenty Minutes in China.  
T. & D.—The United States Consul.  
Franklin—Robert Harlan in The Bad Boy.  
Kinema—Civilization.  
Piedmont Baths—Ocean water swimming.

## What Is Doing TOMORROW

Art exhibit, Auditorium.  
Judans hold annual purim masquerade ball, Wigwam Hall, evening.  
Professor R. Adams lectures, Berkeley Club, First Unitarian church, Berkeley, 7:30 p. m.  
Thomas Pealey lectures, Hamilton Auditorium, evening.  
Right Rev. Paul Jones speaks, St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Berkeley, 6:15 p. m.

## Tells of Demise of Progressive Party

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Raymond Robins of Chicago spoke yesterday afternoon before the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce at the St. Francis Hotel, and in talking of "The Future of the Progressive Movement in Politics," he began at Oyster Bay in 1904, when Roosevelt was selected as the Progressive leader, because he had the "loudest sounding board in America."

From Oyster Bay Robins traced the party to the Progressive party until the election before the last Presidential campaign, when the remnants faded away, Robins said, "after the two days of torture to which California subjected them."

"I have always held it against you," said Robins, "that you let us think we had elected a President at 5 o'clock on Tuesday night and then woke us Wednesday morning to give us a spasm. And then you kept us throwing spasm every hour for forty-eight hours, until we were finally laid to rest."

## "Open Shop" Company May Block Rolph

EUREKA, March 3.—Refusal of a lumber company here to sell lumber to Mayor James Rolph of San Francisco, has caused the city to issue an "open shop" threatening today to block the negotiations by Rolph for the purchase of the Bendixen shipyards. Rolph issued a statement announcing that he expected to conduct the shipyards, if purchased, under union conditions, and that if he finds he cannot so operate them he will not acquire them.

## Scientific Manager to Direct Roos Store

W. B. Hurbuck, an expert in scientific business management, has been appointed general manager of Roos Brothers, clothing store. He was formerly associated with the Pacific Gas and Electric Company in San Francisco as a graduate of Stanford University and has made a special study of scientific management. He has lived in Oakland for ten years.

## Grand Opening Picnic at Shellmound Park

SUNDAY, MARCH 4, 1917.  
Admission 50c; Ladies and Children Free.  
Prize Shooting—Bowling—Concert—Dancing.

## FIEND ELUDES POSSE AFTER NIGHT HUNT

Assailant of Berkeley Girl Escapes Wrath of Angered Citizens, Who Take Up Chase When Victim Tells Story

Meager Description Furnished Police by Helen Jones; Bound and Gagged by Brute, Who Drags Her Into Bungalow

BERKELEY, March 3.—After an all-night hunt the police virtually have despaired of immediately finding the assailant of 14-year-old Helen Jones of 1122 Carlton street who last evening dragged the child into a vacant house near her own home, bound and gagged her and threw her into a closet. The girl was still in a dazed condition this morning, unable to offer any further facts or better description of her assailant that might aid the search.

According to the child and her father, Henry W. Jones, a contracting carpenter, the man was no one who had ever been seen before in the neighborhood. The suddenness of the attack and the semi-darkness of the bungalow into which he dragged her just at dusk gave her little opportunity to note his appearance accurately, but she describes him as being of middle age and build. On his manner, description and other details, the girl could furnish the police are today continuing their hunt.

The scene of the attack on the child was an empty cottage at California and Derby streets owned by C. J. Pfranz. The girl had been sent on an errand to a grocery store near her home and she says, as she passed the house on her return, was accosted by a man who was sitting on the steps. She hesitated for a moment and then, as the man started and approached her, started away.

DRAWN TO COTTAGE.  
Seizing her by the arm the man dragged her for an instant and started drawing her toward the house. She attempted to break away from him when he caught her with his hand over her mouth. Within the cottage her assailant drew a scarf from his pocket and bound her hands together and with a handkerchief thrust into her mouth muffled her cries in her throat. The girl still struggled with him, despite her bound hands, and in the scuffle was thrown to the floor.

When finally the girl's assailant released her he held out to her several coins, which she refused. She started to run for the door but was caught again and thrown into a closet. As the man closed the closet door he whispered a threat to kill her if she made any outcry. A few moments later, when she heard no noise in the closet, the girl opened the door and made her escape from the house, rushing to her home where she told the story of the attack.

POSSIBLE ORGANIZED.  
Jones notified the police and immediately organized a group of his neighbors who scoured the district for the man. In vain they searched for him. Sergeant Charles A. Becker and Patrolman Oscar Putzker led a police posse which sought most of the night for the man without result. In her dazed condition the girl was unable to say how long she was in the closet where her assailant thrust her, but it is supposed to have been long, as to allow him to get safely away from the district.

In partial corroboration of the child's story a dollar was found where the girl says it fell when she pushed aside the man's hand as he offered her money. She had only a small amount of change when sent on her errand and had spent most of this at the grocery which she visited.

The girl was able today to give additional facts regarding the man who may be of some assistance to the police. She declared he was about 5 feet 8 inches tall, weighing about 160 pounds, and that all of his teeth seemed to be gold filled. He was fairly well dressed and appeared to have considerable money.

## Autos in Crash on Street; Woman Escapes

Mrs. George Hammer, of 314 Lincoln street, wife of the president of the Hammer-Bray Company, here a narrow escape from injury today, when, as she was about to step into her automobile, another machine crashed into the stationary vehicle at Tenth and Franklin streets. J. H. Howell, of E. H. Howell & Son, grocers, 5701 East Fourteenth street, drove the other car, said he was unable to stop the car because his brakes failed to work. He had just started his car from almost directly across the street from the Hammer machine, into which it crashed headon. Both cars were considerably damaged, but none was injured. Accompanying Mrs. Hammer were two women friends, who were about to enter the car at the time of the accident.

## Boy Believed Victim of Deadly Quicksand

SALINAS, March 3.—Death in the quicksands of a stream at San Lucas is believed today to have been the fate of the 3-year-old son of Victor Wilson, who disappeared from his home yesterday.

The child's footprints led directly to the point in a nearby stream where there is a dangerous quicksand and where the current is swift. Efforts of searching parties have proved fruitless.

## TWO YOUTHS ARRESTED AS AUTO BANDITS

Police Authorities Believe That Prisoners Are Much Wanted Pair Perpetrating Daring Auto Hold-ups in East Bay

Boys Trained to Fashionable Lakeside District Apartments Where Sleuths Declare Large Amount of Loot Is Recovered

Believed to be the much sought duo of fashionably dressed hold-up men operating in Oakland and vicinity for some time, James Colvin, 19, and Lee Sorrell, 20, paroled from the state penitentiary at Salem, Oregon, on New Year's day, were taken into custody late last night at the Owen Apartments, one of the exclusive lakeside apartments at 2201 Harrison street, and are being held by the police for investigation.

For several hours today the youths were subjected to cross-examination by Chief Petersen, and several detectives and every move of theirs since they came to the city was thoroughly investigated. A number of persons who have been robbed partly identified the men, it is said.

A search of the apartments in which the boys lived with Mrs. M. Parlan, an aunt of young Colvin, revealed a portion of the loot gathered, according to the police, in the various raids in which the two boys have taken part. The woman, say the detectives, was innocent of any participation in the alleged operations of the two youths and ignorant of the fact that the apartment was being made a warehouse for stolen property.

CHANCE PLAYS PART.  
The strange element of chance, which again and again upsets the most carefully laid plans of criminals, operated last night to place the two northern lads behind the bars at the city prison. For days police detectives have been scouring every nook and cranny of the city for traces of the daring duo who have held up at least ten persons and robbed them of everything from money to personal effects.

Last night Inspectors St. Clair Hodgkins and W. B. Smith were watching the crowds disembark from the ferry trains at the Key Route station, Twenty-second and Broadway. On the alert, Hodgkins' attention was attracted to a bulky man in a well-dressed suit who passed them and who appeared to be armed with a revolver of heavy caliber. With only this for a slight clue, the two police inspectors shadowed their man coming to an apartment where he was taken into custody as he stepped inside the door. He turned out to be young Colvin.

A short time later, while Colvin was being closely questioned, his companion, Sorrell, walked in on the party and placed a placard under the door. After a cursory examination, the inspectors became convinced that they had the men for whom the entire department had been searching for weeks. They accordingly made a search of the apartment, with the result that a considerable portion of the articles reported as stolen in the different holdups was recovered from various hiding places about the rooms.

SEEK THIRD MEMBER.  
That there is a third member of the outfit, is the firm belief of the detectives at work on the case, who are convinced that the third person in the city for traces of him. Several of the operations had a third person involved, who is now believed to have been a local crook "taken in" on the job where conditions threatened to prove difficult. The police believe this third person may have been acting as a "fence" or agent for the disposal of some of the stolen property of the gang's victims.

The two debonair youths appeared at the Owen Apartments on January 5, the day after they were released from the Oregon penitentiary, accompanied by the elderly well-dressed woman who is supposed to be Colvin's aunt. They mingled with the guests in the exclusive apartment, which is one of the most fashionable in the city, and gained access to social circles by means of a winning personality and agreeable ways. They had a flashy runabout automobile, wore stylish dressers and appeared to be well supplied with money.

Each night they were out—at times that the police now say coincided with the various holdups and other reprobations with which the boys are credited. To the aunt, the boys pleaded theater parties, social engagements and functions at which their presence had been requested.

CHIMES CHARGED BY POLICE.  
Among the crimes charged to the two youths are the following:

Dr. H. L. Thatcher, held up in Golden Gate Park, February 22.  
J. R. Mouldrop, held up and shot in Berkeley, February 15.  
H. F. Bridge, held up in Berkeley, February 19.  
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Deck, held up in this city, February 28; Deck badly beaten.  
H. L. Alexander, held up here February 28.  
P. H. McFadden, held up here February 28.  
Mrs. K. G. Mensure, home in Berkeley robbed, February 20.  
Charles G. Gillespie and William Fairweather, held up and robbed while on automobile ride to Richmond.

## KRYPTOKS

are two pairs of glasses in one without lines, cement or a hump. See us about them.

We test your eyes and grind the lenses.

CHAS. H. WOOD  
CORRECTLY GRINDING  
THE WINNING EYE

## Carmen Ghirardelli to Wed: Betrothal News Is Told



MISS CARMEN GHIRARDELLI, whose engagement to George W. Baker Jr. has been announced. She is the daughter of Mrs. Thomas Watson Cushing. Her fiancé is a younger brother of Ray Baker, recently appointed director of the United States Mint.

## George W. Baker to Claim Fair Oakland Belle as His Bride

A little prematurely has come, the news of the betrothal of Miss Carmen Ghirardelli, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Watson Cushing, to George W. Baker, Jr., bringing none the less hearty well wishes however. No announcement of the season has been received with more interest than this of Miss Ghirardelli and the son of Mrs. George W. Baker.

The bride-elect is one of the most popular girls in the Piedmont. The family represents one of the pioneers of California and wealth has given her every advantage of travel and culture. The Baker family also is numbered with the earlier residents of the Pacific coast, being equally prominent in Nevada and in California. Baker is a graduate of the University of California and a Beta Phi man. His brother, Ray Baker, has been secretary to former Ambassador George T. Marye at the Russian court and recently was appointed director of the mint in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Baker left last week to join her elder son at the capital, planning to remain indefinitely in the east. Another brother, the late Cleveland Baker, married Miss Pansy Perkins, daughter of Senator George Perkins, and was attorney general of Nevada.

No date is as yet set for the wedding which, however, will be among the brilliant events of the later year.

## Pioneer Families Are Joined Ruth Grimes Becomes Bride

Joining two of the oldest families in the bay cities, the marriage of Miss Ruth Grimes and William Allender was quietly solemnized this afternoon. Although the betrothal was announced early in the fall and it was promised that the wedding would be an event of the early spring, today's ceremony after all came as a surprise. For the young people confided their plans to but the members of the families who were numbered with the guests.

The Grimes residence in Alameda presented a pretty spring picture when at 2 o'clock Rev. Clifton Macon, rector of Trinity church, read the simple words of the service. There were no attendants. The bride wore a handsome gown of blue silk with smart crest and hat. After the wedding supper Mr. and Mrs. Allender left on their honeymoon. Attractive apartments in Oakland await their home coming.

Mrs. Allender is the daughter of Mrs. Mrs. Allender Grimes and a sister of Osborne Grimes. She has been extremely popular with the younger set on both sides of the bay. Her grandparents, the late Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Gunnert, were early residents of this city. The bridegroom is the son of Mrs.

Louise Allender and a nephew of Mrs. George de Golia. His grandmother, Mrs. Frances Itabe, came to the east shore from the county and she and her daughters have been prominently identified with its social life.

## Union Men Argue on Mooney Resolution

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 3.—Seventy-five union men argued for two hours at a special meeting of the Salt Lake Federation of Labor last night over a resolution denouncing the conviction of Thomas Mooney and W. K. Billings, alleged bomb throwers at a preparedness parade in San Francisco. After a bitter discussion it was decided that the resolution should not be adopted in its present form.

The meeting therefore voted to have the resolution redrafted by a committee and submitted at the regular meeting of the federation next Friday night, when it will be voted on by the full membership of the federation.

## FOGGY DAY FOR WILSON INAUGURAL

Crowds Wade Through Slush; Umbrella Is Sign of the Times at the Capital, While Every Train Brings in New Throngs

Soldiers, Students, Women and Children in Vast Assemblage, Filling Washington Streets; Police Busy; Also Weather

BY UNITED PRESS.  
LEASED WIRE TO TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—A dripping, foggy day, pervaded with gloom of the sort that only Washington inaugural weather can bring, dawned today to greet the thousands of Americans who came to town to see the President inaugurated. Regiments of tanned troops fresh from the border; regiments of marching clubs from every town big enough to support a cornet band; regiments of children under the care of lacquered mothers and dispirited fathers, rumbled into Union station on regiments of trains and stopped up Pennsylvania avenue in the cold, clinging rain, to hotels and boarding houses, which already were filled with earlier birds.

Mingled with the music of the bands of soldiers and marching clubs and the wails of infant children were the taps of the thousands of hammers thumping incessantly up and down the avenue from the capitol to the White House, putting finishing touches to the parade stands, the parade decorations and the court of honor before the White House.

Every "Souza" in this part of the country—some in red uniforms and some in purple—marched in from the station at the head of his puffing bandmen, marched through the streets defying the rain, playing marches and stopped at one or all of the leading hotels to go through its revelry.

The weather report said today inconclusively: "Rain or snow." The weather man was to say this afternoon what Monday would bring. He would do it earlier, remembering the fatal day in 1905, when in the face of "clear and warm" prediction Washington greeted visitors with north-pole weather, including a foot of slush and almost certain pneumonia.

COULDN'T BE WORSE.  
A hint, though, early today that it "wouldn't get any more cloudy," raised spirits only slightly. It was found that it couldn't be any more cloudy.

Marching clubs—that ran the gamut from the exclusive political clubs from big downtown districts that maintain the principles of the democracy by force of free meals and fistfuls of candy, to the host of sure thing gamblers and pick-pockets who came to town without any hands to meet the visitors. They were met by almost as many police from big cities.

Public buildings will be lighted tonight and the parade course will be bright with heavy lines of colored lights.

At noon tomorrow President Wilson will take the formal oath of office, officially launching him upon his second term as President of the United States.


Chief Justice White will administer the oath in the president's room at the capitol.

Members of the cabinet and the immediate families of President and Mrs. Wilson will be present. There have been very few especially invited guests to attend as the President desires to have the inauguration as simple as possible. It will take the oath the second time on Monday in public when he will deliver his inaugural address.

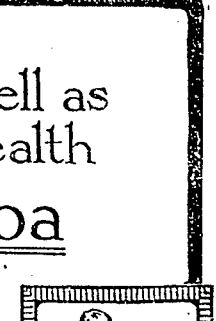
## Judah Benjamin Starts Sentence for Murder

Judah Benjamin, wearing a heavy red beard, was this morning taken to Folsom prison to serve a life sentence at the penitentiary for the murder of Police Officer Robert Gushie a year ago. Benjamin has been a surly and uncommunicative man since his conviction and Deputy Sheriff Jack Collier, who took him over to Folsom, had him handcuffed.

The prisoner has been confined to the hospital ward in the county jail for many months, where he has refused to allow his physicians to attend him, claiming that he is well and needs no attention. During his trial he frequently interrupted the case with shouts, dismissed his attorney in court and in many ways conducted himself in an irrational manner.



For the invalid as well as those in perfect health  
**Baker's Cocoa**  
is an ideal food beverage, pure, delicious and wholesome.

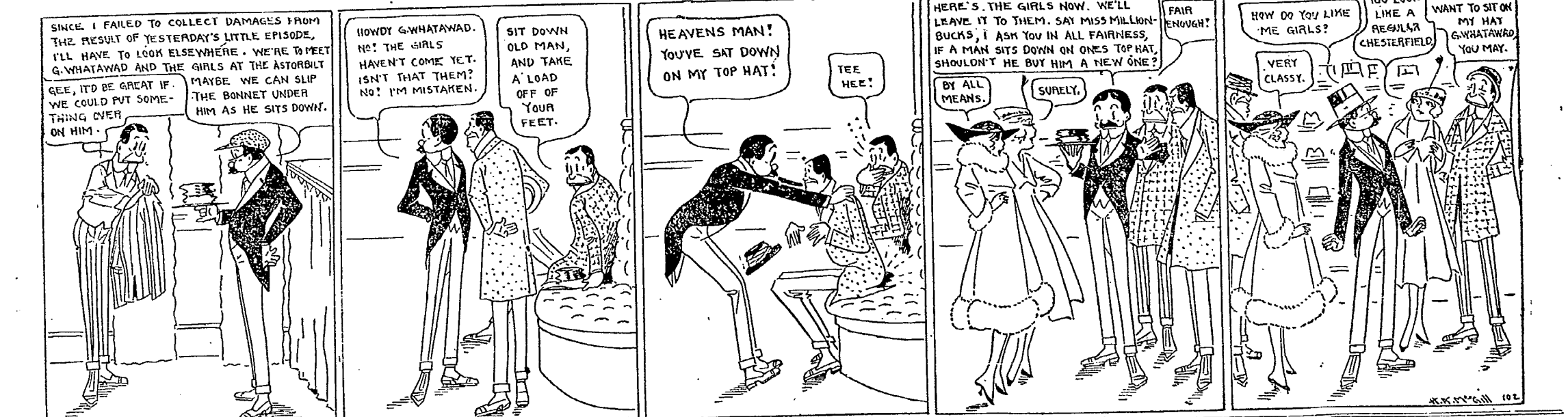


Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.  
ESTABLISHED 1870 DORCHESTER, MASS.





## PERCY AND FERDIE---A Fair Decision. Solomon Couldn't Have Beaten It

By H. A. MacGILL  
Creator of the Hall-Boy

## DRUGLESS SPECIALIST.

DR. SUSS Drugless specialist, painless, 2023 12th st. M. 1091.

## ASTROLOGERS.

YOUR future now predicted. Only 20c. birthdate, 10c. Sprout, 618 Bona ave., Cleveland, O.

## CHAIROVANTS.

A-ORIENTAL MYSTIC. Located 1612 San Pablo Ave. Advice on business, gives names dates and facts. 50c. Hours 10-3; suits No. 4.

CARD READING by lady, 25c; birthday book, 10c. 927 Clay st., cor. 10th.

MRS. B. BELMONT, clairvoyant, palmist; consult on business, family affairs, money matters. 412 12th st., hrs. 10-8.

## MATRIMONIAL.

A-MARR: most successful; hundreds rich; confidential; years' exp.; descrip. free. "Successful Club." Box 556, Oak.

RELIABLE CLUB. Estab. 11 yrs.; many wealthy; priv. introductions; confidant. 2150 Broadway, 2nd fl., O. 4037.

WIDOW with \$50,000, very lonely, anxious to marry. Box 211, San Francisco.

## MASSAGE.

A-ELECTRIC light cabinet sweat with bath. 1828 Clay, near 16th.

AAA-NINE. DUMONT now permanently located at 816 Kearny st., Apt. 2, S. F.

NELL DAVEY—Massage; select patronage. 223 Leavenworth, Apt. 3, 2nd floor, S.F.

NEWLY opened baths and massage, Apt. 2, 550 10th st., hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

SEA salt, sulphur, and steam baths; a real marine another. 1611 Telegraph ave.

## Sale and Wanted

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

AA-NEW lumber, lowest bids given; 2x4 to 2x12, \$14 per 1000; boards, \$15; 2x6, \$16; 2x8, \$17; 2x10, \$18; 2x12, \$19; 2x14, \$20; 2x16, \$21; 2x18, \$22; 2x20, \$23; 2x22, \$24; 2x24, \$25; 2x26, \$26; 2x28, \$27; 2x30, \$28; 2x32, \$29; 2x34, \$30; 2x36, \$31; 2x38, \$32; 2x40, \$33; 2x42, \$34; 2x44, \$35; 2x46, \$36; 2x48, \$37; 2x50, \$38; 2x52, \$39; 2x54, \$40; 2x56, \$41; 2x58, \$42; 2x60, \$43; 2x62, \$44; 2x64, \$45; 2x66, \$46; 2x68, \$47; 2x70, \$48; 2x72, \$49; 2x74, \$50; 2x76, \$51; 2x78, \$52; 2x80, \$53; 2x82, \$54; 2x84, \$55; 2x86, \$56; 2x88, \$57; 2x90, \$58; 2x92, \$59; 2x94, \$60; 2x96, \$61; 2x98, \$62; 2x100, \$63; 2x102, \$64; 2x104, \$65; 2x106, \$66; 2x108, \$67; 2x110, \$68; 2x112, \$69; 2x114, \$70; 2x116, \$71; 2x118, \$72; 2x120, \$73; 2x122, \$74; 2x124, \$75; 2x126, \$76; 2x128, \$77; 2x130, \$78; 2x132, \$79; 2x134, \$80; 2x136, \$81; 2x138, \$82; 2x140, \$83; 2x142, \$84; 2x144, \$85; 2x146, \$86; 2x148, \$87; 2x150, \$88; 2x152, \$89; 2x154, \$90; 2x156, \$91; 2x158, \$92; 2x160, \$93; 2x162, \$94; 2x164, \$95; 2x166, \$96; 2x168, \$97; 2x170, \$98; 2x172, \$99; 2x174, \$100; 2x176, \$101; 2x178, \$102; 2x180, \$103; 2x182, \$104; 2x184, \$105; 2x186, \$106; 2x188, \$107; 2x190, \$108; 2x192, \$109; 2x194, \$110; 2x196, \$111; 2x198, \$112; 2x200, \$113; 2x202, \$114; 2x204, \$115; 2x206, \$116; 2x208, \$117; 2x210, \$118; 2x212, \$119; 2x214, \$120; 2x216, \$121; 2x218, \$122; 2x220, \$123; 2x222, \$124; 2x224, \$125; 2x226, \$126; 2x228, \$127; 2x230, \$128; 2x232, \$129; 2x234, \$130; 2x236, \$131; 2x238, \$132; 2x240, \$133; 2x242, \$134; 2x244, \$135; 2x246, \$136; 2x248, \$137; 2x250, \$138; 2x252, \$139; 2x254, \$140; 2x256, \$141; 2x258, \$142; 2x260, \$143; 2x262, \$144; 2x264, \$145; 2x266, \$146; 2x268, \$147; 2x270, \$148; 2x272, \$149; 2x274, \$150; 2x276, \$151; 2x278, \$152; 2x280, \$153; 2x282, \$154; 2x284, \$155; 2x286, \$156; 2x288, \$157; 2x290, \$158; 2x292, \$159; 2x294, \$160; 2x296, \$161; 2x298, \$162; 2x300, \$163; 2x302, \$164; 2x304, \$165; 2x306, \$166; 2x308, \$167; 2x310, \$168; 2x312, \$169; 2x314, \$170; 2x316, \$171; 2x318, \$172; 2x320, \$173; 2x322, \$174; 2x324, \$175; 2x326, \$176; 2x328, \$177; 2x330, \$178; 2x332, \$179; 2x334, \$180; 2x336, \$181; 2x338, \$182; 2x340, \$183; 2x342, \$184; 2x344, \$185; 2x346, \$186; 2x348, \$187; 2x350, \$188; 2x352, \$189; 2x354, \$190; 2x356, \$191; 2x358, \$192; 2x360, \$193; 2x362, \$194; 2x364, \$195; 2x366, \$196; 2x368, \$197; 2x370, \$198; 2x372, \$199; 2x374, \$200; 2x376, \$201; 2x378, \$202; 2x380, \$203; 2x382, \$204; 2x384, \$205; 2x386, \$206; 2x388, \$207; 2x390, \$208; 2x392, \$209; 2x394, \$210; 2x396, \$211; 2x398, \$212; 2x400, \$213; 2x402, \$214; 2x404, \$215; 2x406, \$216; 2x408, \$217; 2x410, \$218; 2x412, \$219; 2x414, \$220; 2x416, \$221; 2x418, \$222; 2x420, \$223; 2x422, \$224; 2x424, \$225; 2x426, \$226; 2x428, \$227; 2x430, \$228; 2x432, \$229; 2x434, \$230; 2x436, \$231; 2x438, \$232; 2x440, \$233; 2x442, \$234; 2x444, \$235; 2x446, \$236; 2x448, \$237; 2x450, \$238; 2x452, \$239; 2x454, \$240; 2x456, \$241; 2x458, \$242; 2x460, \$243; 2x462, \$244; 2x464, \$245; 2x466, \$246; 2x468, \$247; 2x470, \$248; 2x472, \$249; 2x474, \$250; 2x476, \$251; 2x478, \$252; 2x480, \$253; 2x482, \$254; 2x484, \$255; 2x486, \$256; 2x488, \$257; 2x490, \$258; 2x492, \$259; 2x494, \$260; 2x496, \$261; 2x498, \$262; 2x500, \$263; 2x502, \$264; 2x504, \$265; 2x506, \$266; 2x508, \$267; 2x510, \$268; 2x512, \$269; 2x514, \$270; 2x516, \$271; 2x518, \$272; 2x520, \$273; 2x522, \$274; 2x524, \$275; 2x526, \$276; 2x528, \$277; 2x530, \$278; 2x532, \$279; 2x534, \$280; 2x536, \$281; 2x538, \$282; 2x540, \$283; 2x542, \$284; 2x544, \$285; 2x546, \$286; 2x548, \$287; 2x550, \$288; 2x552, \$289; 2x554, \$290; 2x556, \$291; 2x558, \$292; 2x560, \$293; 2x562, \$294; 2x564, \$295; 2x566, \$296; 2x568, \$297; 2x570, \$298; 2x572, \$299; 2x574, \$300; 2x576, \$301; 2x578, \$302; 2x580, \$303; 2x582, \$304; 2x584, \$305; 2x586, \$306; 2x588, \$307; 2x590, \$308; 2x592, \$309; 2x594, \$310; 2x596, \$311; 2x598, \$312; 2x600, \$313; 2x602, \$314; 2x604, \$315; 2x606, \$316; 2x608, \$317; 2x610, \$318; 2x612, \$319; 2x614, \$320; 2x616, \$321; 2x618, \$322; 2x620, \$323; 2x622, \$324; 2x624, \$325; 2x626, \$326; 2x628, \$327; 2x630, \$328; 2x632, \$329; 2x634, \$330; 2x636, \$331; 2x638, \$332; 2x640, \$333; 2x642, \$334; 2x644, \$335; 2x646, \$336; 2x648, \$337; 2x650, \$338; 2x652, \$339; 2x654, \$340; 2x656, \$341; 2x658, \$342; 2x660, \$343; 2x662, \$344; 2x664, \$345; 2x666, \$346; 2x668, \$347; 2x670, \$348; 2x672, \$349; 2x674, \$350; 2x676, \$351; 2x678, \$352; 2x680, \$353; 2x682, \$354; 2x684, \$355; 2x686, \$356; 2x688, \$357; 2x690, \$358; 2x692, \$359; 2x694, \$360; 2x696, \$361; 2x698, \$362; 2x700, \$363; 2x702, \$364; 2x704, \$365; 2x706, \$366; 2x708, \$367; 2x710, \$368; 2x712, \$369; 2x714, \$370; 2x716, \$371; 2x718, \$372; 2x720, \$373; 2x722, \$374; 2x724, \$375; 2x726, \$376; 2x728, \$377; 2x730, \$378; 2x732, \$379; 2x734, \$380; 2x736, \$381; 2x738, \$382; 2x740, \$383; 2x742, \$384; 2x744, \$385; 2x746, \$386; 2x748, \$387; 2x750, \$388; 2x752, \$389; 2x754, \$390; 2x756, \$391; 2x758, \$392; 2x760, \$393; 2x762, \$394; 2x764, \$395; 2x766, \$396; 2x768, \$397; 2x770, \$398; 2x772, \$399; 2x774, \$400; 2x776, \$401; 2x778, \$402; 2x780, \$403; 2x782, \$404; 2x784, \$405; 2x786, \$406; 2x788, \$407; 2x790, \$408; 2x792, \$409; 2x794, \$410; 2x796, \$411; 2x798, \$412; 2x800, \$413; 2x802, \$414; 2x804, \$415; 2x806, \$416; 2x808, \$417; 2x810, \$418; 2x812, \$419; 2x814, \$420; 2x816, \$421; 2x818, \$422; 2x820, \$423; 2x822, \$424; 2x824, \$425; 2x826, \$426; 2x828, \$427; 2x830, \$428; 2x832, \$429; 2x834, \$430; 2x836, \$431; 2x838, \$432; 2x840, \$433; 2x842, \$434; 2x844, \$435; 2x846, \$436; 2x848, \$437; 2x850, \$438; 2x852, \$439; 2x854, \$440; 2x856, \$441; 2x858, \$442; 2x860, \$443; 2x862, \$444; 2x864, \$445; 2x866, \$446; 2x868, \$447; 2x870, \$448; 2x872, \$449; 2x874, \$450; 2x876, \$451; 2x878, \$452; 2x880, \$453; 2x882, \$454; 2x884, \$455; 2x886, \$456; 2x888, \$457; 2x890, \$458; 2x892, \$459; 2x894, \$460; 2x896, \$461; 2x898, \$462; 2x900, \$463; 2x902, \$464; 2x904, \$465; 2x906, \$466; 2x908, \$467; 2x910, \$468; 2x912, \$469; 2x914, \$470; 2x916, \$471; 2x918, \$472; 2x920, \$473; 2x922, \$474; 2x924, \$475; 2x926, \$476; 2x928, \$477; 2x930, \$478; 2x932, \$479; 2x934, \$480; 2x936, \$481; 2x938, \$482; 2x940, \$483; 2x942, \$484; 2x944, \$485; 2x946, \$486; 2x948, \$487; 2x950, \$488; 2x952, \$489; 2x954, \$490; 2x956, \$491; 2x958, \$492; 2x960, \$493; 2x962, \$494; 2x964, \$495; 2x966, \$496; 2x968, \$497; 2x970, \$498; 2x972, \$499; 2x974, \$500; 2x976, \$501; 2x978, \$502; 2x980, \$503; 2x982, \$504; 2x984, \$505; 2x986, \$506; 2x988, \$507; 2x990, \$508; 2x992, \$509; 2x994, \$510; 2x996, \$511; 2x998, \$512; 2x1000, \$513; 2x1002, \$514; 2x1004, \$515; 2x1006, \$516; 2x1008, \$517; 2x1010, \$518; 2x1012, \$519; 2x1014, \$520; 2x1016, \$521; 2x1018, \$522; 2x1020, \$523; 2x1022, \$524; 2x1024, \$525; 2x1026, \$526; 2x1028, \$527; 2x1030, \$528; 2x1032, \$529; 2x1034, \$530; 2x1036, \$531; 2x1038, \$532; 2x1040, \$533; 2x1042, \$534; 2x1044, \$535; 2x1046, \$536; 2x1048, \$537; 2x1050, \$538; 2x1052, \$539; 2x1054, \$540; 2x1056, \$541; 2x1058, \$542; 2x1060, \$543; 2x1062, \$544; 2x1064, \$545; 2x1066, \$546; 2x1068, \$547; 2x1070, \$548; 2x1072, \$549; 2x1074, \$550; 2x1076, \$551; 2x1078, \$552; 2x1080, \$553; 2x1082, \$554; 2x1084, \$555; 2x1086, \$556; 2x1088, \$557; 2x1090, \$558; 2x1092, \$559; 2x1094, \$560; 2x1096, \$561; 2x1098, \$562; 2x1100, \$563; 2x1102, \$564; 2x1104, \$565; 2x1106, \$566; 2x1108, \$567; 2x1110, \$568; 2x1112, \$569; 2x1114, \$570; 2x1116, \$571; 2x1118, \$572; 2x1120, \$573; 2x1122, \$574; 2x1124, \$575; 2x1126, \$576; 2x1128, \$577; 2x1130, \$578; 2x1132, \$579; 2x1134, \$580; 2x1136, \$581; 2x1138, \$582; 2x1140, \$583; 2x1142, \$584; 2x1144, \$585; 2x1146, \$586; 2x1148, \$587; 2x1150, \$588; 2x1152, \$589; 2x1154, \$590; 2x1156, \$591; 2x1158, \$592; 2x1160, \$593; 2x1162, \$594; 2x1164, \$595; 2x1166, \$596; 2x1168, \$597; 2x1170, \$598; 2x1172, \$599; 2x1174, \$600; 2x1176, \$601; 2x1178, \$602; 2x1180, \$603; 2x1182, \$604; 2x1184, \$605; 2x1186, \$606; 2x1188, \$607; 2x1190, \$608; 2x1192, \$609; 2x1194, \$610; 2x1196, \$611; 2x1198, \$612; 2x1200, \$613; 2x1202, \$614; 2x1204, \$615; 2x1206, \$616; 2x1208, \$617; 2x1210, \$618; 2x1212, \$619; 2x1214, \$620; 2x1216, \$621; 2x1218, \$622; 2x1220, \$623; 2x1222, \$624; 2x1224, \$625; 2x1226, \$626; 2x1228, \$627; 2x1230, \$628; 2x1232, \$629; 2x1234, \$630; 2x1236, \$631; 2x1238, \$632; 2x1240, \$633; 2x1242, \$634; 2x1244, \$635; 2x1246, \$636; 2x1248, \$637; 2x1250, \$638; 2x1252, \$639; 2x1254, \$640; 2x1256, \$641; 2x1258, \$642; 2x1260, \$643; 2x1262, \$644; 2x1264, \$645; 2x1266, \$646; 2x1268, \$647; 2x1270, \$648; 2x1272, \$649; 2x1274, \$650; 2x1276, \$651; 2x1278, \$652; 2x1280, \$653; 2x1282, \$654; 2x1284, \$655; 2x1286, \$656; 2x1288, \$657; 2x1290, \$658; 2x1292, \$659; 2x1294, \$660; 2x1296, \$661; 2x1298, \$662; 2x1300, \$663; 2x1302, \$664; 2x1304, \$665; 2x1306, \$666; 2x1308, \$667; 2x1310, \$668; 2x1312, \$669; 2x1314, \$670; 2x1316, \$671; 2x1318, \$672; 2x1320, \$673; 2x1322, \$674; 2x1324, \$675; 2x1326, \$676; 2x1328, \$677; 2x1330, \$678; 2x1332, \$679; 2x1334, \$680; 2x1336, \$681; 2x1338, \$682; 2x1340, \$683; 2x1342, \$684; 2x1344, \$685; 2x1346, \$686; 2x1348, \$687; 2x1350, \$688; 2x1352, \$689; 2x1354, \$690; 2x1356, \$691; 2x1358, \$692; 2x1360, \$693; 2x1362, \$694; 2x1364, \$695; 2x1366, \$696; 2x1368, \$697; 2x1370, \$698; 2x1372, \$699; 2x1374, \$700; 2x1376, \$701; 2x1378, \$702; 2x1380, \$703; 2x1382, \$704; 2x1384, \$705; 2x1386, \$706; 2x1388, \$707; 2x1390, \$708; 2x1392, \$709; 2x1394, \$710; 2x1396, \$711; 2x1398, \$712; 2x1400, \$713; 2x1402, \$714; 2x1404, \$715; 2x1406, \$716; 2x1408, \$717; 2x1410, \$718; 2x1412, \$719; 2x1414, \$720; 2x1416, \$721; 2x1418, \$722; 2x1420, \$723; 2x1422, \$724; 2x1424, \$725; 2x1426, \$726; 2x1428, \$727; 2x1430, \$728; 2x1432, \$729; 2x1434, \$730; 2x1436, \$731; 2x1438, \$732; 2x1440, \$733; 2x1442, \$734; 2x1444, \$735; 2x1446, \$736; 2x1448, \$737; 2x1450, \$738; 2x1452, \$739; 2x1454, \$740; 2x1456, \$741; 2x1458, \$742; 2x1460, \$743; 2x1462, \$744; 2x1464, \$745; 2x1466, \$746; 2x1468, \$747; 2x1470, \$748; 2x1472, \$749; 2x1474, \$750; 2x1476, \$751; 2x1478, \$752; 2x1480, \$753; 2x1482, \$754; 2x1484, \$755; 2x1486, \$756; 2x1488, \$757; 2x1490, \$758; 2x1492, \$759; 2x1494, \$760; 2x1496, \$761; 2x1498, \$762; 2x1500, \$763; 2x1502, \$764; 2x1504, \$765; 2x1506, \$766; 2x1508, \$767; 2x1510, \$768; 2x1512, \$769; 2x1514, \$770; 2x1516, \$771; 2x1518, \$772; 2x1520, \$773; 2x1522, \$774; 2x1524, \$775; 2x1526, \$776; 2x1528, \$777; 2x1530, \$778; 2x1532, \$779; 2x1534, \$780; 2x1536, \$781; 2x1538, \$782; 2x1540, \$783; 2x1542, \$784; 2x1544, \$785; 2x1546, \$786; 2x1548, \$787; 2x1550, \$788; 2x1552, \$789; 2x1554, \$790; 2x1556, \$791; 2x1558, \$792; 2x1560, \$793; 2x1562, \$794; 2x1564, \$795; 2x1566, \$796; 2x1568, \$797; 2x1570, \$798; 2x1572, \$799; 2x1574, \$800; 2x1576, \$801; 2x1578, \$802; 2x1580, \$803; 2x1582, \$804; 2x1584, \$805; 2x1586, \$806; 2x1588, \$807; 2x1590, \$808; 2x1592, \$809; 2x1594, \$810; 2x1596, \$811; 2x1598, \$812; 2x1600, \$813; 2x1602, \$814; 2x1604, \$815; 2x1606, \$816; 2x1608, \$817; 2x1610, \$818; 2x1612, \$819; 2x1614, \$820; 2x1616, \$821; 2x1618, \$822; 2x1620, \$823; 2x1622, \$824; 2x1624, \$825; 2x1626, \$826; 2x1628, \$827; 2x1630, \$828; 2x1632, \$829; 2x1634, \$830; 2x1636, \$831; 2x1638, \$832; 2x1640, \$833; 2x1642, \$834; 2x1644, \$835; 2x1646, \$836; 2x1648, \$837; 2x1650, \$838; 2x1652, \$839; 2x1654, \$840; 2x1656, \$841; 2x1658, \$842; 2x1660, \$843; 2x1662, \$844; 2x1664, \$845; 2x1666, \$846; 2x1668, \$847; 2x1670, \$848; 2x1672, \$849; 2x1674, \$850; 2x1676, \$851; 2x1678, \$852; 2x1680, \$853; 2x1682, \$854; 2x1684, \$855; 2x1686, \$856; 2x1688, \$857; 2x1690, \$858; 2x1692, \$859; 2x1694, \$860; 2x1696, \$861; 2x1698, \$862; 2x1700, \$863; 2x1702, \$864; 2x1704, \$865; 2x1706, \$866; 2x1708, \$867; 2x1710, \$868; 2x1712, \$869; 2x1714, \$870; 2x1716, \$871; 2x1718, \$872; 2x1720, \$873; 2x1722, \$874; 2x1724, \$875; 2x1726, \$876; 2x1728, \$877; 2x1730, \$878; 2x1732, \$879; 2x1734, \$880; 2x1736, \$881; 2x1738, \$882; 2x1740, \$883; 2x1742

**LOCAL  
EASTERN &  
FOREIGN**

**AUCTION SALE**  
**I. A. MUNRO & CO.**

**AUCTIONEERS.**  
1007 Clay st., corner 18th st., phone  
land 4671. will pay highest bid  
for merchandise, furniture, etc.,  
sell on commission. Sales every

---

**W. T. DAVIS & CO., Auctioneers.**  
539 11th St. Phone Lakeside 3  
Furniture, household goods, m  
at 11 o'clock

**Colonel Rees Honored**  
**by Richmond Friends**

RICHMOND, March 3. — A "love feast" was held at the Richmond Hotel last night as a testimonial of esteem in which all the people of Richmond held Colonel Rees in high regard.

11. Rees, who has been in charge of the United States engineering corps in the Philippines for the past five years, was held yesterday at the Richmond Hotel in San Francisco by the Richmond Industrial commission.

Colonel Rees as guest of honor.

Those present at the luncheon in Richmond were Mayor F. I.

City Clerk A. C. Faris. Harry John P. Galvin, H. D. Chappman, John C. Smith, J. H. Sheffer, J. Veale, J. H. Miller, H. A. St. Edwards, James Bacon, H. W. Edwards, Fire Chief Roy L. Harbor, Municipal Commissioner L. H. Long, George L. Schmidt, Senator J. C. Owens, C. Schmidt and P. J. Hunsicker.

**Richmond Chambers  
Directors Are Chosen**

RICHMOND, March 3. — President C. Owens, Secretary J. H. Long, and nearly all of the old directors of Richmond chamber of commerce will be members of the new organization, meeting at the anniversary of the booster body. The organization was composed of James C. Owens, J. H. Long, J. H. Sheffer, J. Veale, J. H. Miller, H. A. St. Edwards, James Bacon, H. W. Edwards, Roy L. Harbor, L. H. Long, George L. Schmidt, Senator J. C. Owens, C. Schmidt and P. J. Hunsicker.

rectors re-organized by naming Owens as president, C. S. Dowd as vice-president; O. R. Ludwig as ice-president; J. A. Long as secretary and W. L. Ballenger as treasurer. The chamber decided to call a mass meeting at 8 p. m. at the

mass meeting at the Lincoln school  
atorium on next Tuesday evening  
the public will be allowed to express  
opinion. A committee to make  
rangements was named to be com-  
O. R. Ludewig, chairman; W. L.  
ger, C. J. Crary, Charles G. Bacon  
Charles Walker.

AND, eighteen-year-old girl, and CURRY, who resented her from 'the day of an unknown man' while the two on an automobile trip to Ferndale two weeks ago, are on a honeymoon today following their marriage ceremony at the home of the father of the young man, received a te message telling of the wedding. It is twenty-four years old and is the daughter of a well-known business at Twelfth and Olive streets. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Vance, 1608 Hissell avenue.

Following the attack upon the young man, the police were alerted and a search for the assailant but conducted since the incident. According to the story told by the couple, the man was in the car alone when the girl climbed on along along with a man ran out from a deserted lot and grabbed her. She screamed. Curry went to her assistance with a revolver.

## Moose Defenders to Parade Before

RICHMOND, March 3. — Tonight the beginning of the Charity and the Loyol Order of Moose with drum and bugle corps and the famous Moose Defenders parade. The band will be playing martial music while heralds announce the "Annual Charity Richmond's Largest Social Event." Police Charles Walker will lead the grand march.

## Theodore A. Bell to Speak to Democracy

RICHMOND, March 3. — Theodore Bell will speak at a banquet to be given this evening by Richmond Democracy in honor of the inauguration of President

of the President's first wife, will be the other speaker. A. C. Lang, a pro local Democrat, will be toastmaster.

---

**SOUGHT YEAR; ARRESTED**  
RICHMOND, March 3. — Soug

more than a year on a charge of frauding an innkeeper, Edward Richmond Potter, was arrested in Francisco. William de Land, who transferred the charges and who owns the Land hotel of San Pablo, was taken through the ferry building and while boarding a street car. He immediately ordered the man arrested. Justice of the Peace Child of San Pablo will hear the case.

---

**TO GIVE CLUB RECITAL.**  
RICHMOND, March 3. — Mrs. C. B. Smith will give a recital at the Richmond Club on Friday evening, March 4.

Irma Dearborn, well known pianist  
city.

---

**TO ATTEND CEREMONIAL**  
VALLEJO, March 3. — At least  
ty-five members of Samoset Trib

**HOTEL ARRIVALS**

**HOTEL AKLAND**—S. A. Allison, S. A. C. L. Holloway, San Francisco; E. Olson, Boston; A. Channesian, Fresno; J. Kojima, Milwaukee; John Gilquist, Los Angeles; L. Whitland, Winters; E. M. A. Lomis; Mrs. E. Cunningham, Los Angeles; W. H. H. Sarantinos; N. B. Turner; W. H. Wood, Sacramento; B. B. Los Angeles; T. M. Bran, Jackson; O.

Yorkson, New York; I. J. Crawford and  
 James Jose; J. Oakley, Philadelphia;  
 Campbell, Mrs. E. Rosinweis, Mrs. E. G.  
 John A. Slater, Chicago; F. W. Parks  
 Trancelco; Claire P. Duffy, Oakland;  
 Peterson, F. Berry, Scranton; W.  
 Berkelev.

**HOTEL ST. MARK**—Robert M. Robinson; B. Osborn and wife, Walla Walla, W. J. Lawrence, T. O. Allen, Stockton; A. Edgar, San Leandro; F. H. Campbell, Francisco; C. H. Fuschender and wife, Fresno; Harry Seymour and mother, Ann Arbor, New York City; T. E. Meredith and wife, Chicago; F. M. Criss, Modesto; O. C. F. Stockton; H. Dillon, Los Angeles; L. L. and wife, Antioch; Mrs. A. Clement and son, B. Clement, Oakland; R. Fowler, Clara; Miss E. N. Thur, San Francisco; J. Locke, Niles; Gus Lindquist, Fresno; F. Lomb, Oklawaha City, Okla.; Norman

**E. F. HUTTON & CO**  
MEMBERS:

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE  
NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE  
NEW YORK COFFEE EXCHANGE  
NEW ORLEANS COTTON EXCHANGE  
LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION  
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Private Wires Coast to Coast

OAKLAND OFFICE:  
First National Bank Building  
Telephone: Lakeside 1971.

## SUSPECTED TONG FIGHTER OAKLAND

Police Watch Oakland Chinatown to Prevent Outbreak of Fight.

That an outbreak of a long war was narrowly averted last night in the local Chinatown is the belief of the police, who are holding in custody one Chin Wah, who was arrested at Eighth and Washington by Patrolman Joseph Phillips and Constable Bert Humpstead. The man had a heavy revolver in his pocket and was acting in a suspicious manner. In view of the trouble pending between the King Kongs and the Sney Sings, allied against the Hop Sings, a renewal of hostilities may occur at any time. The police have been informed that the local Chinese are arming and orders had been issued for unusual vigilance. Since the recent outbreak in Portland and San Jose there has been more of an excitement here and a feeling of uneasiness and animosity is anticipated at any time. The situation is considered more serious now than it has been at any time since the last long war.

Chin Wah was observed last night to be acting in a peculiar manner. He was trailed by the officers for several blocks and from his actions they suspected that he was looking for a member of a rival tong. One of his pockets sagged suspiciously. The officers decided that an arrest here and a forcing up of the concealed arm and amosities is anticipated at any time. The situation is considered more serious now than it has been at any time since the last long war.

The Chinese refused to make any statement as to why he was carrying the weapon. But his arrest has put all patrolmen on their guard and a vigilant outlook is being maintained for more sun-wearers. Extra men have been detailed to the Chinese district.

SAN JOSE, March 3.—Saved-off shotguns being carried as a part of the equipment of a patrolman in this city in anticipation of the outbreak of a long war. At the first shot fired by a Chinese gunman, the officers will open a fusillade, according to Chief of Police J. N. Black.

This game of shooting between the Chinese tongs is going on in a big way. Unless the constant threat is taken to wipe them out of the town. They are inclined to stay every day on the road, and causing the people of the southern part of the city much worry. One more move on their part and proceedings will be taken to bring conspiracy charges against them.

Black not only condemns the Chinese but also the white men are following the long troubles and causing the Chinese to keep up their feud. But the Chief is not content with talking, and the arming of the police is indicative that action will follow any renewal of the tong disturbances.

## Defendants in Labor Case Found Guilty

CHICAGO, March 3.—The thirteen defendants in the so-called labor graft case were found guilty by a federal jury today.

The defendants were four former business agents of the Electrical Workers' Union and nine members of the Chicago Switch Board Manufacturers. The charges were conspiracy and maintenance of a boycott.

## CONDITIONS ALONG THE HIGHWAY

Road conditions throughout the state as received at the Touring Bureau of The California State Automobile Association, March 1, 1917.

Important—During winter months this bulletin is subject to daily changes on account of the amount of rain and snow.

Coast Route South—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route South—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

Coast Route North—Leave via paved highway to San Jose, Salinas and Chualar. Dirt road to Camphor. Highway from Camphor to Red Bluff, paved. King City, dirt road to King City and San Lucas. Take right-hand road from San Lucas to San Ardo, paralleling Salinas River. Highway to San Ardo, dirt road to Bradley, dirt road to San Luis Obispo county line, thence paved highway to Santa Barbara, Arroyo Grande, fair dirt road to Santa Barbara, highway to Orcutt, dirt road to Blake, road to Los Alamos, very slippery dirt road to Los Alamos, dirt road to Santa Barbara, not advisable. Santa Barbara, Ventura, highway. Ventura to Los Angeles, paved, except good gravel road over Concho Grade.

Valley Route North—Leave Pothill boulevard to Hayward, turn left from Hayward to Dublin, Dublin, thence paved to Dublin. Dublin, thence paved to Greenview, thence four miles of rough

## WOULD HAUL BIG BATTLESHIP BY FIVE RAILWAYS

Remarkable Salvaging  
Feat Proposed by a  
Local Firm

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The transportation by rail of a battleship weighing 10,000 tons is the feat which the contracting firm of Ellery, Frost & Coleman offers to perform.

Furthermore, in their bid to the Federal Government for the salvage of the cruiser Milwaukee—now lying aground off Humboldt Bay—they guarantee to have the vessel ready for service again in six months. The job will cost \$4,000,000. But the cruiser cost \$4,000,000, and the junk value is appraised at \$1,300,000, so the cost of salvage will be comparatively small. Coleman says the Milwaukee cannot be rescued by sea. There is too great an undertow to allow of operations from the ocean side. It is Coleman's idea to build a coffer dam on the ocean side, drain the water out, pump the sand from the vessel, build a traveling cradle drydock around her and haul her over the spit into Humboldt Bay—a distance of about one mile.

It will be necessary to build five tracks on a roadbed sixty feet wide. Piling with concrete caps will form the foundation for the tracks. An eighteen-foot cut will have to be made through the high ground to make the land criss-cross possible. A cog railroad will be the type of transportation used. The firm has heard from Washington that the bids have been opened and that its proposition "includes more than the rest." No award has yet been made.

## 'Mr. Britling Sees It Through' Sermon Topic

"Mr. Britling Sees It Through" will be the topic of the morning sermon by Rev. Albert W. Palmer at Plymouth Church tomorrow. In the evening Rev. Mr. Palmer will preach on "After the Idea of God Developed Down the Ages." This is the second sermon in a series on "The Passing and the Permanent in Religion." The musical program by the chorus choir, under the direction of Alexander Steiner, will be entirely made up of the compositions of early German composers in illustration of the history of church music.

OHIO KILLED BY TRAIN.  
PASADENA, March 3.—Thrown in front of a fast interurban car by the sudden turn of her father's automobile, the 2-year-old daughter of James Wong, wealthy retired Chinese gardener, was fatally injured. Although carried to a hospital, the child died within a few minutes.

INDIAN BILL SIGNED.  
WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Wilson has signed the Indian appropriation bill and the Porto Rican bill, giving residents of the island citizenship and changing its form of government.

THE REMAR COMPANY, new Oakland factory, will build at 45th, 47th and Adeline and Linden streets. Total investment of first unit will be \$160,000. One hundred seventy-five employees will be the starting force.

Chevrolet Motor Company of California is building a new office costing \$50,000, also a three-story wing running out 240 feet and another wing one story running out 400 feet. This live plant is expected to beautify its grounds with shrubbery and plants.

The Merchants Calculating Machine Co. office is moving from the Federal Realty building to offices in their plant in Emeryville. Seven large, airy, bright offices are ready to occupy. All departments have separate offices. Dining rooms and kitchen are also for convenience of employees.

R. I. Conrad is shipping fifty switch boxes of 100 and 60 amp. to San Francisco. These are the only type of switch boxes manufactured in the bay district. These comply with the state law. The design of the box is being patented. This is one of R. I. Conrad's own ideas and perfected inventions.

In the month of January the Pacific Gas & Electric Company made a net gain of 1355 customers, and at the close of that month was serving 423,119 consumers. The magnitude of this list may be appreciated from the fact that it exceeds the population at the 1910 census of each of ten states.

Forster Bros., 2200 Oaks street, Berkeley, are installing 300 of their patented safety roller connections in the Southern Pacific building, San Francisco. This firm covers the state with installations besides having their product in most of the large representative buildings erected within the last six years.

Broadway Electric Sign Co., 2962 Broadway, claim the distinction of being the manufacturers of the largest electric sign ever made in California. This is for the Chevrolet Motor Company of California. The sign measures 500 feet in length, the letters are seven feet high and will require 2400 electric light bulbs. This contract was awarded to the local company in competition with across-the-bay companies.

An invitation is hereby accorded the public interested in beautifully designed and artistic furniture to visit the display rooms of Dixon, Vettel & Cornish, 1102-1108 East Twelfth street. Fine boxes, flower stands, specialties in children's furniture and toys are artistically arranged on display. Convenient library and dressing tables. Inexpensive, tasteful here attract those of fastidious taste.

San Mateo County Roads—Paved in San Mateo and from Crystal Springs, New Highway open from Crystal Springs, San Mateo, La Honda to Pescadero, a fair road. Pescadero to San Geronimo, good. San Geronimo to Redwood City, good.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

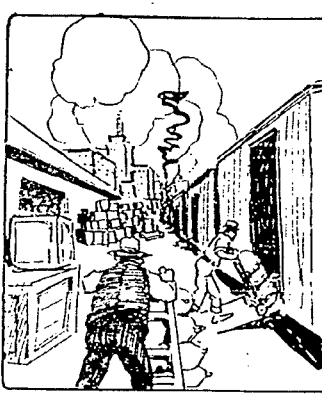
San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.



Home products are primarily essential as the basis of local existence. This is a fact that should not be underestimated. Back up our producers by the purchasing of their products.

This is not so much a "howl" against "non-local products" as it is a reminder that capital invested here at home is mainly by home industries that produce something for the local market.

This is fair to the investor who has turned his capital into numerous channels for furthering his particular industry.

Not that we decry the fact that it requires outside capital to make a community, nor do we evade the "question" as to the right of outside capital to promote the sale of their wares in the home precincts in competition with locally produced goods, but it is the invested capital as an institution that adds to the growth of a community, and it should be staunchly stood by rather than an outside product "jobbed" on the local market.

So many times it is said: "Why don't you practice what you preach?"—just so—it is always reasonable to believe, that when necessity requires a certain thing, or the condition would be better met by the proper "buy"—then it is excusable to purchase where that condition would be best filled or met.

Whenever possible, preference should be given to home products—price and quality being equal—and in some cases allowing a "little elasticity" in its favor.

Libby, McNeil & Libby will build a \$250,000 plant on the Oakland waterfront.

California Baking Company will build a \$150,000 two story plant and equipment at 40th and San Pablo avenue. It is estimated that this factory will cover an acre of ground when finished.

Have you overlooked anything on this page that can be put on your requisition this month? It will surprise you to find out just what you might need if you look over the advertisers.

The Remar Company, new Oakland factory, will build at 45th, 47th and Adeline and Linden streets. Total investment of first unit will be \$160,000. One hundred seventy-five employees will be the starting force.

Chevrolet Motor Company of California is building a new office costing \$50,000, also a three-story wing running out 240 feet and another wing one story running out 400 feet. This live plant is expected to beautify its grounds with shrubbery and plants.

The Merchants Calculating Machine Co. office is moving from the Federal Realty building to offices in their plant in Emeryville. Seven large, airy, bright offices are ready to occupy. All departments have separate offices. Dining rooms and kitchen are also for convenience of employees.

R. I. Conrad is shipping fifty switch boxes of 100 and 60 amp. to San Francisco. These are the only type of switch boxes manufactured in the bay district. These comply with the state law. The design of the box is being patented. This is one of R. I. Conrad's own ideas and perfected inventions.

In the month of January the Pacific Gas & Electric Company made a net gain of 1355 customers, and at the close of that month was serving 423,119 consumers. The magnitude of this list may be appreciated from the fact that it exceeds the population at the 1910 census of each of ten states.

Forster Bros., 2200 Oaks street, Berkeley, are installing 300 of their patented safety roller connections in the Southern Pacific building, San Francisco. This firm covers the state with installations besides having their product in most of the large representative buildings erected within the last six years.

Broadway Electric Sign Co., 2962 Broadway, claim the distinction of being the manufacturers of the largest electric sign ever made in California. This is for the Chevrolet Motor Company of California. The sign measures 500 feet in length, the letters are seven feet high and will require 2400 electric light bulbs. This contract was awarded to the local company in competition with across-the-bay companies.

An invitation is hereby accorded the public interested in beautifully designed and artistic furniture to visit the display rooms of Dixon, Vettel & Cornish, 1102-1108 East Twelfth street. Fine boxes, flower stands, specialties in children's furniture and toys are artistically arranged on display. Convenient library and dressing tables. Inexpensive, tasteful here attract those of fastidious taste.

San Mateo County Roads—Paved in San Mateo and from Crystal Springs, New Highway open from Crystal Springs, San Mateo, La Honda to Pescadero, a fair road. Pescadero to San Geronimo, good. San Geronimo to Redwood City, good.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

San Rafael Ferry, Winter Schedule—Leave Point Richmond 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4 p. m. Leave only at 5:20 p. m. Leave Point San Quentin 6:00 a. m., 12:15, 2:15, 4:15 p. m. Sundays only at 6:15 p. m.

# INDUSTRIAL NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST CONCERNING THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE EAST BAY DISTRICT

Oliver Continuous Filter Company has shipped a mining filter to Japan to be used in copper mining, drying concentrates.

No matter how much the article costs—when you need it and want it, buy it, but first see if the advertisers below can serve you.

Baker-Hansen Co. has ready for shipment three automatic air compressors, units equipped with Westinghouse motors. These go to Berkeley.

Donk Gas Eng. Co. shipped to Placer county a 150 h. p. gas engine weighing 1400 lbs. The cylinders, two in number, measured a 16-inch bore.

James H. Pedritz has been awarded the contract for the Alameda County bridge on 4th street between Broadway and Washington. The bridge will be a three-story structure.

Standard Gas Engine Co. has more work than ever, more men employed than ever, installing a new Brass Foundry and, well, that's enough for this work, but honestly doesn't that sound like prosperity?

Jas. Heeneberry moved a 10-ton boiler out to the Alhambra on Hopkins street. This required the strongest trucks obtainable. Mr. Heeneberry's trucks are the best. Water tanks and pumping machinery for the Union Water Co. were hauled to Elmhurst.

The official organ of the manufacturers' committee of the Chamber of Commerce ran out of ink, consequently the following, to-wit: B. H. Henderson, 2516 Derby street, Berkeley, leaves for Shandon April 1. He has unusually strong affiliations with the Chamber of Commerce and can push your products.

Yager Sheet Metal Co. recently shipped 2000 feet of Armco grade roll to the Honolulu Iron Works, Hawaiian Islands. This contract was for the building of a new San Francisco. The Calif. Hawaiian Sheet Metal Co., Crockett, Cal., has ordered several large ventilators for their new warehouse.

Mr. I. Nathan, Hotel Oakland, has three to five thousand real money and services to invest in going concerns. Has examined list of openings, also, Mr. A. B. Perkins, applied to former Los Angeles banker, has private collection of fine Navajo rugs for sale on make-an-order basis.

A San Francisco house has sent in to "Pete" Della Vedova, the latest single order for display cards received this year. Some beautiful cards for Brewers' new home are being painted. An order came from Hills, Hawaiian Islands, and another from Roswell, New Mexico. This is an example of the popularity of this busy shop.

Boogie's Bolts & Nuts are somewhat better known without the following: Ratio Company, Woodstock, Pa. N. Y., bank references, wants to sell all kinds of machinery, gas and Diesel engine pumps, agricultural implements. Any more info can be had from Boogie, you know the address—Manufacturers' Committee, Chamber of Commerce.

The American Photo Player Co., Berkeley, is making another Potplayer shipment to Australia. This ship has grown its present quarters to the largest that plans are now under way to enlarge. Also increased its capitalization from \$200,000 to \$2,000,000 and have established offices in ten of the largest cities in the United States. The head office is located in San Francisco.

C. I. Best Gas Tractor Company shipped 24 tractors on orders last month. One of 90-horse power was shipped to Marysville yesterday. This tractor is shipped out on an off day if it does not ship out at least one machine. New more large machines are on their way from the east.

Merchandise of great value should be carefully stored where the absolute security of the goods is assured. This was taken into consideration by the Hayes Auto Sales Company when the Hayes Auto Sales Company was anxious to locate just such a warehouse. The first shipment, consisting of four car lots of Hayes cars, have arrived and were immediately transferred to the Security Storage Warehouse, Sixth, West and Market streets. Mr. Cole, of the Hayes Auto Sales Company, had a great deal to say about the security of the warehouse. He is glad these cars have come. It will enable this company to fill its orders quickly, giving the assurance of quick delivery to prospective buyers without the necessity of waiting for the further shipments which will be forthcoming as soon as they can get the facilities for transportation.

YOUR IDEAS  
In Furniture Made to Order  
Our designer at your service. Wood Novelties of every kind. Also Child's Furniture.

DIXON, VETTEL & CORNISH  
1102-1108 EAST TWELFTH STREET  
Phone Merritt 350

TELEPHONE OAK 510  
SPOTT BROS.  
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, LIGHTING FIXTURES AND PLUMBING, JOBBING

Hand Painted Signs  
AND SHOW CARDS THAT DISPLAY QUALITY  
"PETE" DELLAVEDOVA  
1309 Washington Oakland 3961

Fine Upholstering  
by Competent Workmen, Prices Reasonable.  
R. J. HUNTER  
2156 Telegraph Ave.  
Oakland 2735. Established 1887

\$500 Cash Will Buy  
FINE MANUFACTURING SITE  
67437—Close in, balance, \$800, on terms. See Owner, 1813 Telegraph. Phone Oak 589.

B-Line Transfer Co.  
Maintains own Line of Boats  
and Barges between  
Oakland and San Francisco.  
Direct connection made with  
north and southbound steamers  
Distribution by teams and trucks  
both sides of bay  
Oakland 912 San Francisco  
Oakland 912 Sutter 1982

Secure Satisfactory Service  
Head's Business College  
T. B. BRIDGES, Manager.  
16th and San Pablo, Oakland.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON  
AND WIRE WORK  
Ideas are "worth while" when backed by experience. Let us suggest how we can serve you.  
FRAUNEDER ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS  
235 8th St. Oakland 7906

TREGO  
ELECTRIC CO.  
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS  
For Light, Heat and Power. Licensed Electricians in Oakland, Alameda, Berkeley and Piedmont. Oakland 2518  
110 FRANKLIN ST.

Light! Heat! Power!  
We Furnish Free Expert Advice  
on Factory Problems  
We Have Helped Others We  
Can Help You.  
GOOD LIGHT INCREASES  
EFFICIENCY  
Pacific Gas and Electric  
Company  
13TH AND CLAY, OAKLAND  
Lakeside 5000—Local 58

TO SELL  
OR BUY  
SEE US  
R. N. HURNESS CO., 15th & Broadway  
Fred L. Ballister, Mgr. Industrial Dept.  
251 12th St. Lake 311

Gar-Pa-Co  
PAINTS  
MADE IN OAKLAND. PHONE OAKLAND 360